

PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

<p>(51) International Patent Classification 5 : A61K 37/00, 37/02, C07K 5/00, 7/00, 15/00, 17/00</p>		A1	<p>(11) International Publication Number: WO 95/04541</p> <p>(43) International Publication Date: 16 February 1995 (16.02.95)</p>
<p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/US94/08678</p> <p>(22) International Filing Date: 29 July 1994 (29.07.94)</p> <p>(30) Priority Data: 08/103,022 6 August 1993 (06.08.93) US 08/279,677 27 July 1994 (27.07.94) US</p>		<p>(81) Designated States: CA, JP, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).</p> <p>Published <i>With international search report.</i></p>	
<p>(71) Applicant: ABBOTT LABORATORIES [US/US]; CHAD 0377/AP6D-2, One Abbott Park Road, Abbott Park, IL 60064-3500 (US).</p> <p>(72) Inventors: HAVIV, Fortuna; 1125 Oxford Drive, Deerfield, IL 60015 (US). FITZPATRICK, Timothy, D.; 1260 Kalmia Avenue, Boulder, CO 80304 (US). SWENSON, Rolf, E.; 285 Penny Lane, Grayslake, IL 60030 (US). NICHOLS, Charles, J.; 5611 Arbutus Court, Greendale, WI 53129 (US). MORT, Nicholas, A.; 2426 Ridgeland Avenue, Apartment 2, Waukegan, IL 60085 (US).</p> <p>(74) Agent: JANSSEN, Jerry, F.; Abbott Laboratories, CHAD 0377/AP6D-2, One Abbott Park Road, Abbott Park, IL 60064-3500 (US).</p>			
<p>(54) Title: N-TERMINUS MODIFIED ANALOGS OF LHRH</p> <p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>Decapeptide and undecapeptides substituted on the N-terminal nitrogen atom by acyl groups which include furo-2-yl, isonicotinyl, nicotinyl, 2-, 3-, and 4-quinolincarbonyl, shikimyl, dihydroshikimyl, and tetrahydrofur-2-oyl are potent antagonists of LHRH and are useful for hormones the levels of sex hormones in mammals.</p>			

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT	Austria	GB	United Kingdom	MR	Mauritania
AU	Australia	GE	Georgia	MW	Malawi
BB	Barbados	GN	Guinea	NE	Niger
BE	Belgium	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BF	Burkina Faso	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BG	Bulgaria	IE	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand
BJ	Benin	IT	Italy	PL	Poland
BR	Brazil	JP	Japan	PT	Portugal
BY	Belarus	KE	Kenya	RO	Romania
CA	Canada	KG	Kyrgyzstan	RU	Russian Federation
CF	Central African Republic	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	SD	Sudan
CG	Congo	KR	Republic of Korea	SE	Sweden
CH	Switzerland	KZ	Kazakhstan	SI	Slovenia
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	LI	Liechtenstein	SK	Slovakia
CM	Cameroon	LK	Sri Lanka	SN	Senegal
CN	China	LU	Luxembourg	TD	Chad
CS	Czechoslovakia	LV	Larvia	TG	Togo
CZ	Czech Republic	MC	Monaco	TJ	Tajikistan
DE	Germany	MD	Republic of Moldova	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
DK	Denmark	MG	Madagascar	UA	Ukraine
ES	Spain	ML	Mali	US	United States of America
FI	Finland	MN	Mongolia	UZ	Uzbekistan
FR	France			VN	Viet Nam
GA	Gabon				

N-Terminus Modified Analogs of LHRH

Cross-Reference to Related Applications

This application is a continuation-in-part of co-pending application Serial No.
5 08/103,474 filed August 6, 1993.

Technical Field

The present invention relates to organic compounds having biological activity, to compositions containing the compounds, and to medical methods of treatment.
10 More particularly, the present invention concerns certain N-terminus modified deca- and undecapeptides having LHRH antagonist activity, pharmaceutical compositions containing the peptides, and a method of inhibiting LHRH activity in a mammal in need of such treatment.

Background of the Invention

15 The gonadotropins: follicle stimulating hormone (FSH), luteinizing hormone (LH), and chorionic gonadotropin (CG), are required for ovulation, spermatogenesis, and the biosynthesis of sex steroids. A single hypothalamic hormone, gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH, also known as luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone, LHRH) is responsible for regulating the secretion of
20 both FSH and LH in mammals.

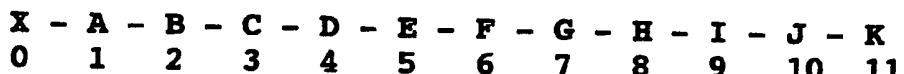
The structure of LHRH was determined by A. V. Schally, *et al.*, Science, 173: 1036-1037 (1971). Early attempts to prepare peptides having LHRH-like activity centered on the synthesis of compounds which were LHRH agonists. However, in 1976 it was found that while individual doses of LHRH stimulated the
25 release of gonadotropin, the continuous administration of small doses of LHRH or chronic administration of LHRH agonists had the opposite effect. This finding stimulated research for the discovery of both agonist and antagonist analogs of LHRH as agents useful for regulating sex steroids in mammals. A considerable number of
30 patents and articles in the open literature disclose analogs of LHRH which either act as agonists of LHRH (i.e. act to stimulate the release of LH and FSH) or as antagonists of LHRH (i.e. act to inhibit the release of LH and FSH). For the most part, these compounds contain nine or ten aminoacyl residues, substituting naturally-occurring or non-naturally-occurring amino acid residues at one or more positions in the natural
35 sequence of LHRH. In some cases, active antagonists of LHRH have been reported which contain fewer than ten amino acid residues.

The literature has reported that LHRH antagonists are useful for the treatment of a variety of conditions in which the suppression of sex steroids plays a key role including contraception, delay of puberty, treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia, palliative treatment or remission of hormonal-dependent tumors of the breast and ovaries, palliative treatment or remission of hormonal-dependent tumors of the prostate, the treatment of cryptorchidism, hirsutism in women, gastric motility disorders, dysmenorrhea, and endometriosis.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides, in its principle embodiment, a class of deca- and undecapeptide antagonist analogs of LHRH which have been modified at the N-terminus by addition of either an acyl functional group or an acyl functional group together with an additional aminoacyl residue. The compounds of the present invention inhibit the secretion of gonadotropins by the pituitary gland and inhibit the release of steroids by the gonads.

In particular, the peptides of the present invention have the structure:



where the letters A through K represent aminoacyl residues and X represents an N-terminus-modifying acyl group. In accordance with the present invention, the residues are selected from the following:

X is an acyl group selected from the group consisting of (a) dihydroshikimyl, (b) 2-furoyl, (c) 3-furoyl, (d) tetrahydrafuro-2-yl, (e) tetrahydrafuro-3-yl, (f) (thien-2-yl)carbonyl, (g) (thien-3-yl)carbonyl, (h) (tetrahydrothien-2-yl)carbonyl, (i) (tetrahydrothien-3-yl)carbonyl, (j) pyrrol-2-yl)carbonyl, (k) (pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl, (l) prolyl, (m) N-acetyl-prolyl, (n) 3-(indolin-3-yl)propionyl, (o) (indolin-3-yl)acetyl, (p) (indolin-2-yl)carbonyl, (q) (indolin-3-yl)carbonyl, (r) benzo[b]fur-2-yl)carbonyl, (s) (dihydrobenzo[b]fur-2-yl)carbonyl, (t) (tetrahydropyran-2-yl)carbonyl, (u) (tetrahydropyran-3-yl)carbonyl, (v) (piperidin-3-yl)carbonyl, (w) (N-acetyl piperidin-3-yl)carbonyl, (x) nicotinyl, optionally substituted with alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms, alkoxy of from one to six carbon atoms, halogen, or hydroxy, (y) isonicotinyl, optionally substituted with alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms, alkoxy of from one to six carbon atoms, halogen, or hydroxy, (z) picolinyl, (aa) 2-, 3- or 4-quinolinecarbonyl, optionally substituted with alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms,

alkoxy of from one to six carbon atoms, halogen, or hydroxy; (bb) salicyl, (cc) shikimyl, and (dd) *p*-toluenesulfonyl.

5 A is absent or is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of β -alanyl, D-alanyl, 3-aminopropionyl, 4-aminobutyryl, 5-aminovaleryl, 6-amino-
hexanoyl, 7-aminoheptanoyl, 8-aminoctanoyl, 11-aminoundecanoyl, azaglycyl,
glycyl, sarcosyl, and D-seryl.

10 B is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-phenylalanyl, D-3-(4-chlorophenyl)alanyl, D-3-(4-fluorophenyl)alanyl, D-3-(quinolin-3-yl)alanyl, sarcosyl, glycyl, azaglycyl, D-3,3-diphenylalanyl, N^{α} -methyl-D-3-(naphth-2-yl)alanyl, and D-3-(naphth-2-yl)alanyl.

15 C is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-3-(4-chlorophenyl)alanyl, D-3,3-diphenylalanyl, D-3-(4-fluorophenyl)alanyl, D-3-(naphth-2-yl)alanyl, D-phenylalanyl, and D-3-(quinolin-3-yl)alanyl.

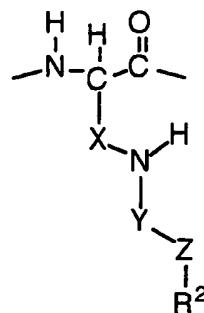
20 D is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-alanyl, D-3-(benzo[b]thien-2-yl)alanyl, glycyl, D-3-(naphth-1-yl)alanyl, D-3-(pyrid-3-yl)alanyl, D-3-(quinolin-3-yl)alanyl, and D-3-(thiazol-2-yl)alanyl.

25 E is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of glycyl, L-seryl, L-homoseryl, L-seryl(O-benzyl), and $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -L seryl where R^1 is alkyl of from one to four carbon atoms.

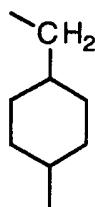
30 F is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -alanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -(3-(4-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)amino)phenyl)alanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -(3-(4-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)amino)methyl)phenyl)alanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -(3-(4-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)amino)cyclohexyl)alanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -(3-(4-(nicotinyl)amino)cyclohexyl)alanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -(N- ϵ -nicotinyl)lysyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -(N- ϵ -(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)lysyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -3-(4-nitrophenyl)alanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -3-(4-aminophenyl)alanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -3-(4-aminocyclohexyl)alanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -tyrosyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -tyrosyl(O-methyl), $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -phenylalanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -cyclohexylalanyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -glycyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -arginyl, $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -histidyl, and $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -homoarginyl; where R^1 is hydrogen or alkyl of from one to four carbon atoms.

35 G is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of glycyl, D-citrullyl, D-homocitrullyl, β -alanyl, and an aminoacyl residue of the structure

4

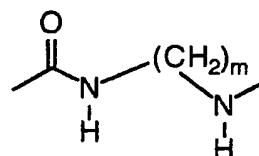


where X is selected from the group consisting of $-(CH_2)_n-$ where n is one to six and



5 Y is absent or is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-alanyl, L-alanyl, 4-aminobutyryl, 5-aminopentanoyl, 6-aminohexanoyl, 7-aminoheptanoyl, 8-amino-octanoyl, 11-aminoundecanoyl, azaglycyl, D-3-(benzo[b]thien-2-yl)alanyl, L-3-(benzo[b]thien-2-yl)alanyl, D-3-(4-chlorophenyl)alanyl, D-cyclohexylalanyl, glycyl, D-histidyl, D-histidyl(benzyl), D-leucyl, D-3-(naphth-2-yl)alanyl, D-phenylalanyl, D-3-(pyrid-3-yl)alanyl, sarcosyl, seryl, D-seryl, D-threonyl, D-3-(thiazol-4-yl)alanyl, D-tryptyl, D-tyrosyl, D-tyrosyl(O-methyl), and D-valyl.

Z is either absent or is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-alanyl, L-alanyl, azaglycyl, D-cyclohexylalanyl, glycyl, D-histidyl, D-phenylalanyl, 3-((4-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)amino)phenyl)alanyl, (3-(4-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)amino)methyl)phenyl)alanyl, sarcosyl, D-seryl, L-seryl, and



where m is an integer of from one to twelve, inclusive.

R^2 is 3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl or is an acyl group selected from the group consisting of acetyl; (4-acetylpirazin-1-yl)carbonyl; (adamant-1-yl)carbonyl; benzoyl, optionally substituted with a group selected from alkyl of one to four carbon atoms, alkoxy of one to four carbon atoms, and halogen; butyryl; cyclohexylcarbonyl; dihydroshikimyl; formyl; nicotinyl; 2-furoyl; 2- and 6-hydroxynicotinyl; (indol-2-yl)carbonyl; isonicotinyl; (4-methylpirazin-1-yl)carbonyl; (morpholin-1-yl)carbonyl; 2- and 6-methylnicotinyl; 1- and 2-naphthoyl optionally substituted with a group selected from alkyl of one to four carbon atoms, alkoxy of one to four carbon atoms, and halogen; picolyl; (pirazin-1-yl)carbonyl; propionyl, pyrazinoyl; pyridylacetyl; (pyrrolyl)carbonyl; (quinolinyl)carbonyl; salicyl; shikimyl; 2-(tetrahydrofuroyl), and (thien-2-yl)carbonyl.

H is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of L-leucyl; $N(R^1)$ -L-leucyl; glycyl; sarcosyl; prolyl; L-valyl; L-cyclohexylalanyl; and $N^\alpha(R^1)$ -L-cyclohexylalanyl; where R^1 is hydrogen or alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms.

I is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of L-citrullyl; L-homocitrullyl; L-histidyl; L-(N- ϵ -isopropyl)lysyl; L-arginyl; and $N^\alpha(R^1)$ -L-arginyl; L-homoarginyl; L-2-amino-6-N δ -ethylguanidinoheptanoyl; and L-2-amino-6-N δ ,N δ -diethylguanidinoheptanoyl.

J is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of L-prolyl; 4-hydroxy-L-prolyl; L-pipecolyl; L-azetidinyl; L-2,8-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carbonyl, $N(R^1)$ -L-leucyl; sarcosyl; glycyl; and $N(R^1)$ -L-alanyl; where R^1 is hydrogen or alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms.

K is -NH(CH₂CH₃) or is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-alanyl amide, D-alanyl(OH), D-glutamyl(OH), L-glutamyl(OH), $N(R^1)$ -L-alanyl amide, $N(R^1)$ -D-alanyl amide, sarcosamide, D-seryl amide, and azaglycyl amide, glycyl amide, where R^1 is as defined above and with the proviso that when K is -NH(CH₂CH₃) then J is L-prolyl.

In another embodiment of the present invention there are provided pharmaceutical formulations for use in suppressing levels of sex hormones in a mammal comprising a sex hormone suppressing effective amount of a compound as defined above in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

In yet another embodiment of the present invention there is provided a method of suppressing levels of sex hormones in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as defined above.

Detailed Description

As used throughout this specification and the amended claims, the term "halide" as used herein refers to bromo (Br), chloro (Cl), fluoro (F) or iodo (I).

5 The terms "resin" or "peptide resin" as used herein refer to resins of the type commonly used in the art of synthetic peptide preparation. Examples of such resins include, but are not limited to, methyl benzhydrylamine (MBHA) or benzhydrylamine (BHA) or Merrifield resin (i.e. chloromethylated polystyrene).

10 The term "alkyl" as used herein refers to divalent straight or branched group derived from a saturated hydrocarbon by the removal of a single hydrogen atom. Examples of alkyl include, but are not limited to methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, butyl, sec-butyl, iso-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, and the like.

15 The term "alkylene" refers to a straight or branched divalent group derived from a saturated hydrocarbon by the removal of two hydrogen atoms. Examples of alkylene include -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH(CH₃)CH₂- and the like.

20 The term "azetidinyl" refers to the cyclic aminoacyl residue derived from azetidine-2-carboxylic acid.

25 The term "cycloalkyl" refers to a monovalent cyclic hydrocarbon group derived from a cyclic saturated hydrocarbon group by the removal of a single hydrogen atom. Examples of cycloalkyl groups include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, bicyclo[2.2.2]octane, and the like.

The term "cycloalkylene" refers to a divalent group derived from a saturated cyclic hydrocarbon by the removal to two hydrogens. Examples include cyclopentylene, cyclohexylene, and the like.

30 The term "isonicotinyl" means the acyl group derived from isonicotinic acid, i.e. pyridine-4-carboxylic acid.

35 The term "nicotinyl" denotes the acyl group derived from nicotinic acid, i.e. pyridine-3-carboxylic acid.

"Picolinoyl" refers to the acyl group derived from picolinic acid, i.e. 2-pyridinecarboxylic acid.

40 "Shikimyl" denotes the acyl residue derived from shikimic acid or [3R-(3 α ,4 α ,5 β)-3,4,5-trihydroxy-1-cyclohexene-1-carboxylic acid and "dihydroshikimyl" refers to the fully saturated analog of shikimic acid.

45 Unless indicated otherwise by a "D" prefix, the stereochemistry of the alpha-carbon atom of the amino acids and aminoacyl residues in peptides described in this specification and the appended claims is the natural or "L" configuration. The Cahn-Ingold-Prelog "R" and "S" designations are used to specify the stereochemistry of

chiral centers in certain of the acyl substituents at the N-terminus of the peptides of this invention. The designation "R,S" is meant to indicate a racemic mixture of the two enantiomeric forms. This nomenclature follows that described in R. S. Cahn, C. K. Ingold, and V. Prelog, Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl., **5**: 385-415 (1966).

5 For the most part, the names of naturally-occurring and non-naturally-occurring aminoacyl residues used herein follow the naming conventions suggested by the IUPAC Commission on the Nomenclature of Organic Chemistry and the IUPAC-IUB Commission on Biochemical Nomenclature as set out in "Nomenclature of α -Amino Acids (Recommendations, 1974)," Biochemistry, **14**(2): 1975). To the extent that 10 the names and abbreviations of amino acids and aminoacyl residues employed in this specification and appended claims differ from those suggestions, they will be made clear to the reader by the following.

15 "Atz" or "Atza" means the substituent group 3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl. "Bal" stands for 3-(benzo[*b*]thien-2-yl)alanine, with "Thial" and "Thiaz" representing 3-(thien-2-yl) alanine and 3-(thiazolyl)alanine, respectively.

20 "Cha" represents 3-cyclohexylalanine and various amino acids derived from phenylalanine by substitution of the phenyl group are represented by abbreviations such as "D4ClPhe," "D4FPhe," "D4NO₂Phe," and "D4NH₂Phe" which represent D-3-(4-chlorophenyl)alanine, D-3-(4-fluorophenyl)alanine, D-3-(4-nitrophenyl)alanine, and D-3-(4-aminophenyl)alanine, respectively.

25 "Cit" and "HCit" stand for citrullyl and homocitrullyl (or L-2-amino-(6-aminocarbonylamino)hexanoic acid), respectively.

30 "Cha(4AmPyz)" represents a 3-((4-aminopyrazin-2-carbonyl)cyclohexyl)-alanyl aminoacyl residue.

35 "DLys(Nic)" or "D-Lys(N-epsilon nicotinyl)" represents a D-lysine amino acid or aminoacyl residue substituted on the epsilon nitrogen atom of the side chain by a nicotinyl acyl group. Similarly, "DLys(Isonic)," "DLys(Shik)," "DLys(Fur)," and "DLys(THF)" represent D-lysine acylated on the epsilon nitrogen atom by an isonicotinyl, shikimyl, fur-2-oyl, or tetrahydrofur-2-oyl group. "DLys(Isp)," "DLys(Nisp)" or "D-Lys(N-epsilon isopropyl)" stand for a lysine substituted on the epsilon amino group of the lysine side-chain by an isopropyl group.

40 "Harg" stands for homoarginyl or L-2-amino-6-guanidinohexanoyl). "HargEt" and "HargEt2" represent L-2-amino-6-N ϵ -ethylguanidino hexanoic acid and L-2-amino-6-N ϵ ,N ϵ -diethylguanidino hexanoic acid, respectively.

"Aha" represents 4-aminoheptanoic acid; "Aca" represents 6-aminocaproic acid; "Gaba" denotes 4-aminobutyric acid; and "Bala" represents beta-aminoalanine or 3-aminopropionic acid.

5 "D1Nal" and "D2Nal" represent D-3-(naphth-1-yl)alanine and D-3-(naphth-2-yl)alanine, respectively. "D3Pal" represents D-3-(pyrid-3-yl)alanine and "D3Qal" or "D3Qual" stands for D-3-(quinol-3-yl)alanine. "D-(4-Atza)Phe" or "DAtzPhe" means D-3-(4-(3-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)amino)phenyl)alanine and "D-(4-Atzame)Phe" or "D-(AtzMe)Phe" represents D-3-(4-((3-amino-1H-1,2,4'-triazol-5-yl)amino)methyl)phenyl)alanine.

10 "Sar" and "SarNH₂" mean sarcosine or the amide of sarcosine, respectively.

The term "Aze" represents L-2-azetidinylcarbonyl, while "4-(p-OMeBzO)Hala" stands for 4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)homoalanyl and "DLys(CODiAmpropShik) refers to a D-Lysyl(N- ϵ -carbonyl-N',N"-diaminoprop-15 aneshikimyl) aminoacyl residue.

15 By the term "pharmaceutically acceptable salt" is meant salts recognized in the pharmaceutical formulation arts as non-toxic and suitable for use in formulations intended for use in human and animal treatment. Suitable acids and bases useful for this purpose are listed, for example, in the review article, "Pharmaceutical Salts" by S. N. Berge, *et al.*, *J. Pharm. Sci.*, **66**: 1-19 (1977).

20 Representative examples of compounds contemplated as falling within the scope of the present invention include, but are not limited to the following:

N-Dihydroshikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

25 N-2-Furoyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-3Furoyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

30 N-Picolyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Isonicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

35 N-Salicyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N[(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N[(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

5 N[(R) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-3Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

10 N-Shikimyl-3Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-4Aminobutyryl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-4Aminobutyryl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

15 N-Nicotinyl-5Aminovaleryl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-5Aminovaleryl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

20 N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

25 N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Furoyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

30 N-(R,S)Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydro-Fur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydro-Fur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(AzaGly-2-furoyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

35 N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Succinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

5 N-Shikimyl-DAla-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

10 N-Nicotinyl-Sar-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Sar-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-DAla-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

15 N-Shikimyl-DAla-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-20 Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-DLys(Nic)-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-DLys(Nic)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

25 N-Nicotinyl-DLys(Shik)-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-DLys(Shik)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-30 Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)- Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

35 N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(DSer-Nic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

5 N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D1Nal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Ile-Arg-10 Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-NMeLeu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Aze-DAlaNH₂;

15 N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(GlyGlyNic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(L-Gulonyl)-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-L-Gulonyl)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Shik)-Leu-20 Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Ile-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-NMeLeu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

25 N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-Leu-Arg-Aze-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N(2-Furoyl)-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-30 Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

35 N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

12

N-(3-Quinoliny)-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

5 N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(NO₂)-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(NO₂)-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

10 N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Arg-Aze-DAlaNH₂;

15 N-Nicotinyl-3-Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-3-Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

20 N-Nicotinyl-3Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(GlyNic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

25 N-Nicotinyl-Azagly-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(2-Furoyl)-Azagly-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Isonicotinyl-Azagly-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-

30 Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Azagly-D4ClPhe-D1Nal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Sar-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

35 Nic-Gly-Sar-D4ClPhe-D1Nal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

Nic-Gly-Sar-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

5 N-Nicotinyl-3-Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

10 N-Nicotinyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

15 N-Salicyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

20 N-Isonicotinyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

25 N-Tosyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

30 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

35 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-SarNH₂;

40 N-(R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Arg-Pro-SarNH₂;

45 N-(R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-4(pOMeBzol)Hala-Leu-Arg-Pro-SarNH₂;

50 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHarg(Et₂)-Leu-Harg(Et₂)-Pro-SarNH₂;

55 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Atz)-DPhe(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

60 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Phe(Atz)-DPhe(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

65 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Fur)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

70 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

75 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂;

5 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂;

10 N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Atz)-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D3Qal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

15 N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

20 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D3Qal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-cis-Cha(4AmPrz)-DLys(Pic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

NShikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂;

25 N-Dihydroshikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-2Furoyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂;

30 N-3Furoyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Picolyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂;

35 N-Isonicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-Salicyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-Tosyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-

5 Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-3-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)t-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

10 N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-3-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)t-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)t-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-2-Furoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-

15 Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-3-Furoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Thienyl-2-carbonyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

20 N-Nicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Picolinoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-

25 Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(6-Hydroxy)nicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Isonicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(3-Pyridylacetyl)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

30 N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Nicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-

35 Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-

35 DAlaNH₂;

16

N-(S)-Tetrahydofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R)-Tetrahydofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

5 N-(R)-5-Oxo-tetrahydorofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-5-Oxo-tetrahydorofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

10 N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-2-Furoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Isonicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

15 N-Picolinoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

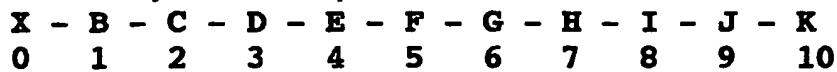
N-Nicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(3-Pyridylacetyl)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

20 DAlaNH₂; and

N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the aminoacyl residue A is absent, and the peptides of the present invention are decapptides modified at the N-terminus with an acyl function and possess the structure



where X, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, and K are as defined above.

Preferred compounds of the present invention have the structure



30 where X is an acyl group selected from the group consisting of tetrahydofur-3-oyl, (tetrahydrothien-2-yl)carbonyl, (pyrrol-2-yl)carbonyl, prolyl, (indolin-2-yl)carbonyl, 3-(indolin-3-yl)propionyl, (dihydrobenzo[b]fur-2-yl)carbonyl, and (tetrahydropyran-2-yl)carbonyl.

AA⁶ is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of tyrosyl, arginyl, N^α-methyltyrosyl, lysyl(N-epsilon-(3'-amino-1H-1',2',4'-triazol-5-yl)), and N^α-methyl-3-(4-(3'-amino-1H-1',2',4'-triazol-5-ylmethyl)phenyl)alanyl.

AA⁷ is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-citrullyl, 5 D-homocitrullyl, D-lysyl(N-epsilon nicotinyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl nicotinyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl nicotinyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon shikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl shikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl shikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon dihydroshikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl dihydroshikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl dihydroshikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon fur-2-oyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl fur-2-oyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl fur-2-oyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon tetrahydrofur-2-oyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl tetrahydrofur-2-oyl), and D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl tetrahydrofur-2-oyl).

AA⁹ is an aminoacyl group selected from the group consisting of lysyl(N-epsilon isopropyl), arginyl, L-(N^ε,N^ε-diethylhomoarginyl), and homoarginyl.

15 **AA¹⁰** is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-alanyl amide, and D-sarcosamide.

Examples of compounds of this type include

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

20 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

25 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydro-Fur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂; and

30 N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂.

In a particularly preferred embodiment, compounds of this invention have the structure:

35 **X-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-N^αMeTyr-AA⁷-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-AA¹⁰**

where **X** is an acyl group selected from the group consisting of tetrahydrofuro-2-yl **

AA⁷ is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-citrullyl, D-lysyl(N-epsilon nicotinyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl nicotinyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl nicotinyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon shikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl shikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl shikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon dihydroshikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl dihydroshikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl dihydroshikimyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon fur-2-oyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl fur-2-oyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl fur-2-oyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon tetrahydrofur-2-oyl), D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl tetrahydrofur-2-oyl), and D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl tetrahydrofur-2-oyl).

AA¹⁰ is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of D-alanyl amide, and D-sarcosamide.

Specific compounds of this embodiment are

N[(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N[(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N[(R) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Fur)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shik-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-Shik-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Fur)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(2-Furoyl)-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Me-Atz)-DPhe(Me-Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Atz)-DLys(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

5 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

10 N-(R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Arg-D-4(pOMeBzol)Hala-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHarg(Et₂)-Leu-Harg(Et₂)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

15 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Atz)-DPh(eAtz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Phe(Atz)-DPh(eAtz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Me-Atz)-DPh(eMe-Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

20 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Atz)-DLys(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

25 N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-DSer-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

30 N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-3DPal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaOH;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-Lys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

35 N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-3DPal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-DLeu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-DPro-DAlaNH₂ ;

5 N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-DLys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-DNMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ ;

10 N-(R,S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DHcit-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ ;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ ;

15 N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-DPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ ;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

20 N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Bala-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ ;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gaba-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Aha-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ ;

25 N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Sar-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-3DPal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-DAla-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-Sar-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-

30 Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂; and

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Aca-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂.

LHRH Antagonist Activity

35 Representative compounds of the present invention were evaluated in an *in vitro* test for LHRH antagonist potency (pA₂). The test employed the method detailed

in F. Haviv, *et al.* *J. Med. Chem.*, **32**: 2340-2344 (1989). The values of pA_2 are the negative logarithms of the concentration of the particular antagonist test compound required to shift the response curve produced by the agonist leuprolide to two-fold higher concentration. (Leuprolide is the LHRH agonist having the structure 5-oxo-5 Pro¹-His²-Trp³-Ser⁴-Tyr⁵-D-Leu⁶-Leu⁷-Arg⁸-Pro⁹-NHEt and is disclosed and claimed in United States Patent 4,005,063.) Typically pA_2 values of 9.5 or greater are indicative of good LHRH antagonist potency, with values of 10.0 or greater being preferred.

The results of these tests for representative compounds in accordance with this invention are presented in Table 1.

Table 1

Example No.	pA2	Example No.	pA2
1	10.75	27e	10.46
2a	10.55	28	11.01
2b	10.3	29	10.59
2c	11.1	30a	10.32
2d	10.9	30b	10.53
2e	10.7	30c	10.42
2f	11.05	31	10.71
2g	11.15	32	10.85
2h	11	33a	11.2
3	10.8	33b	10.7
4	11.1	33c	11.3
5	10.67	34	9.95
6a	11.05	35a	10
6b	10.8	35b	10.1
6c	10.65	36	10.65
6d	10.9	37a	11.2
6e	11.02	37b	10.8
6f	10.59	37c	10.6
7	10.58	37d	9.9
8	10.69	37e	10.65
9	10.46	38	10.51
10	10.41	39	10.81
11	10.42	66	8.58
12	10.36	67	10.6
13a	11.35	68	10.85
13b	11.02	69	10.7
13c	11.45	70	10.9
13d	10.39	71	11.15
13e	10.5	72a	11
13f	10.75	72b	10.07
14a	10.88	72c	10.7
14b	9.98	72d	11.06
14c	11.27	72e	10.85

14d	11.05	72f	11
14e	10.71	72g	10.7
14f	10.45	72h	11.2
14g	9.96	73	10.35
14h	11.38	74	10.25
14i	9.47	75	10.95
14j	9.12	76	10.45
14k	11	77	10.85
14l	10.7	78a	10.98
14m	10.75	78b	11.08
14n	11.17	78c	10.88
15a	10.2	78d	11.1
15b	10.68	78e	10.79
15c	11	78f	10.5
15d	10.75	78g	11.15
16	10.54	78h	10.5
17	10.95	79	10.71
18a	10.78	80	10.9
18b	11.04	81	9.05
19	10.39	82	8.95
20	10.58	83	10.95
21	10.5	84	10.42
22	11.47	85	10.95
23a	10.71	86	9.85
23b	10.73	87	9.57
24	10.55	88	9.8
25a	10.85	89	9.88
25b	11.1	90	9.34
25c	11.77	91	11.66
25d	10.47	92	10.98
25e	11.47	93	11.23
25f	10.63	94	11.08
25g	10.49	95	11.12
26a	10.56	96	10.56
26b	10.36	97	10.47
26c	11.62	98	10.44
27a	11.11	99	10.93
27b	10.87	100	7.66
27c	10.01	101	7.37
27d	11.75	102	10.24

The compounds of the present invention to act as LHRH antagonists and are useful for suppressing levels of gonadotropins and androgens in mammals.

In the practice of the method of this invention an amount of a compound of the invention or a pharmaceutical composition containing the antagonists, effective to suppress levels of sex hormones in a mammal, is administered to the host in need of such treatment. These compounds or compositions may be administered by any of a

variety of routes depending upon the specific end use, including orally, parenterally (including subcutaneous, intramuscular and intravenous administration), vaginally (particularly for contraception), rectally, buccally (including sublingually), transdermally or intranasally. The most suitable route in any given case will depend upon the use, particular active ingredient, the subject involved, and the judgment of the medical practitioner. The compound or composition may also be administered by means of slow-release, depot or implant formulations as described more fully herein below.

In general, to modulate levels of sex hormones in male or female mammals for the uses herein above described, it is expedient to administer the active ingredient in amounts between about 0.01 and 10 mg/kg body weight per day, preferably between about 0.1 and 5.0 mg/kg body weight per day. This administration may be accomplished by a single daily administration, by distribution over several applications or by slow release in order to achieve the most effective results.

The exact dose and regimen for administration of these compounds and compositions will necessarily be dependent upon the needs of the individual subject being treated, the type of treatment, the degree of affliction or need and the judgment of the medical practitioner. In general, parenteral administration requires lower dosage than other methods of administration which are more dependent upon absorption.

A further aspect of the present invention relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing as active ingredient a compound of the present invention which compositions comprise such compound in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable, non-toxic carrier. As mentioned above, such compositions may be prepared for use for parenteral (subcutaneous, intramuscular or intravenous) administration, particularly in the form of liquid solutions or suspensions; for use in vaginal or rectal administration, particularly in semisolid forms such as creams and suppositories; for oral or buccal administration, particularly in the form of tablets or capsules, or intranasally, particularly in the form of powders, nasal drops or aerosols.

The compositions may conveniently be administered in unit dosage form and may be prepared by any of the methods well-known in the pharmaceutical art, for example as described in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, Easton, PA., 1970. Formulations for parenteral administration may contain as common excipients sterile water or saline, polyalkylene glycols such as polyethylene glycol, oils of vegetable origin, hydrogenated naphthalenes and the like. Formulations for inhalation administration may be solid and contain as excipients, for example, lactose, or may be aqueous or oily solutions for administration in the form

of nasal drops. For buccal administration typical excipients include sugars, calcium stearate, magnesium stearate, pregelatinated starch, and the like.

It is particularly desirable to deliver the compounds of the present invention to the subject over prolonged periods of time, for example, for periods of one week to 5 one year from a single administration. Various slow release, depot or implant dosage forms may be utilized. For example, a dosage form may contain a pharmaceutically acceptable non-toxic salt of a compound of the invention which has a low degree of solubility in body fluids, for example, (a) an acid addition salt with a polybasic acid such as phosphoric acid, sulfuric acid, citric acid, tartaric acid, tannic acid, pamoic acid, alginic acid, polyglutamic acid, naphthalene mono- or di-sulfonic acids, polygalacturonic acid, and the like; (b) a salt with a polyvalent metal cation such as zinc, calcium, bismuth, barium, magnesium, aluminum, copper, cobalt, nickel, cadmium and the like, or with an organic cation formed from e.g., N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine or ethylenediamine; or (c) combinations of (a) and (b) e.g. a 10 zinc tannate salt. Additionally, the compounds of the present invention or, preferably, a relatively insoluble salt such as those just described, may be formulated in a gel, for example, an aluminum monostearate gel with, e.g. sesame oil, suitable for injection. Particularly preferred salts are zinc salts, zinc tannate salts, pamoate salts, and the like. Another type of slow release depot formulation for injection would contain the 15 compound or salt dispersed or encapsulated in a slow degrading, non-toxic, non-antigenic polymer such as a polylactic acid/polyglycolic acid polymer for example as described in U.S. Patent No. 3,773,919. The compounds of the invention or, preferably, relatively insoluble salts such as those described above may also be 20 formulated in cholesterol matrix pellets, particularly for use in animals. Additional 25 slow release, depot or implant formulations, e.g. liposomes, are well known in the literature. See, for example, *Sustained and Controlled Release Drug Delivery Systems*, J.R. Robinson ed., Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1978. Particular reference with respect to LHRH type compounds may be found, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 4,010,125.

30

Synthesis of the Compounds of the Invention

In general, the compounds of the present invention are synthesized by 35 techniques known to those skilled in the art as, for example, by so-called "solid phase" peptide synthesis or by usual methods of solution phase chemistry. A summary of available solid phase peptide synthetic techniques may be found in J.M. Stewart and J.D. Young, *Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis*, W.H. Freeman Co., San

Francisco, 1963 and J. Meienhofer, *Hormonal Proteins and Peptides*, Vol. 2., p.46, Academic Press (New York), 1973. For classical solution synthesis see G. Schroder and K. Lupke, *The Peptides*, vol. 1, Academic Pres (New York), 1965.

In general, these methods comprise the sequential addition of one or more 5 amino acids or suitably protected amino acids to a growing peptide chain bound to a suitable resin. The starting amino acids are commercially available or, where novel in the compounds of this invention, are synthesized by methods detailed below from readily available starting materials.

Normally, either the amino or carboxyl group of the first amino acid is 10 protected by a suitable protecting group. The protected or derivatized amino acid can then be either attached to an inert solid support (resin) or utilized in solution by adding the next amino acid in the sequence having the complimentary (amino or carboxyl) group suitably protected, under conditions conducive for forming the amide linkage. The protecting group is then removed from this newly added amino acid residue and 15 the next amino acid (suitably protected) is added, and so forth. After all the desired amino acids have been linked in the proper sequence, any remaining protecting groups are removed sequentially or concurrently, and the peptide chain, if synthesized by the solid phase method, is cleaved from the solid support to afford the final polypeptide. By simple modification of this general procedure, it is possible to add more than one 20 amino acid at a time to a growing chain, for example, by coupling (under conditions which do not racemize chiral centers) a protected tripeptide with a properly protected dipeptide to form, after deprotection, a pentapeptide.

A particularly preferred method of preparing peptides involves solid phase 25 peptide synthesis. In this method of preparing peptides, the alpha-amino function of the amino acids is protected by an acid or base sensitive group. Such protecting groups should have the properties of being stable to the conditions of peptide linkage formation, while being readily removable without destruction of the growing peptide chain or racemization of any of the chiral centers contained therein. Suitable protecting groups are t-butyloxycarbonyl (BOC), benzyloxycarbonyl (Cbz), 30 biphenylisopropylloxycarbonyl, t-amyloxycarbonyl, isobornyloxycarbonyl, (alpha,alpha)-dimethyl-3,5dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, o-nitrophenylsulfonyl, 2-cyano-t-butyloxycarbonyl, 9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl and the like. The t-butyloxycarbonyl ("BOC" or "t-BOC") protecting group is preferred.

Particularly preferred side chain protecting groups are, for side-chain amino 35 groups as in lysine and arginine: nitro, p-toluene-sulfonyl, 4-methoxybenzene-sulfonyl, Cbz, BOC and adamantyloxycarbonyl; for tyrosine: benzyl, o-bromo-

benzyloxycarbonyl, 2,6-dichlorobenzyl, isopropyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl and acetyl; for serine: benzyl and tetrahydropyranyl; for histidine: benzyl, Cbz, p-toluenesulfonyl and 2,4-dinitrophenyl; for tryptophan: formyl.

In the solid phase peptide synthesis method, the C-terminal amino acid is attached to a suitable solid support. Suitable solid supports useful for the above synthesis are those materials which are inert to the reagents and reaction conditions of the stepwise condensation-deprotection reactions, as well as being insoluble in the solvent media used. Suitable solid supports are chloromethylpolystyrene-divinylbenzene polymer, hydroxymethyl-polystyrene-divinylbenzene polymer, and the like. Chloromethyl-polystyrene-1% divinylbenzene polymer is especially preferred. For the special case where the C-terminus of the compound is glycaminide, a particularly useful support is the benzhydrylaminopolystyrene-divinylbenzene polymer described by P. Rivaille, et al, *Helv. Chim. Acta.*, 54, 2772 (1971). The coupling to the chloromethyl polystyrene-divinylbenzene type of resin is made by means of the reaction of the alpha-N-protected amino acid, especially the BOC-amino acid, as its cesium, tetramethylammonium, triethylammonium, 1,5-diazabicyclo-[5.4.0]undec-5-ene, or similar salt. The coupling reaction is accomplished in a solvent such as ethanol, acetonitrile, N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF), and the like, with the chloromethyl resin at an elevated temperature, for example between about 40° and 60°C, for from about 12 to 48 hours. Preferred reagents and reaction conditions involve the coupling of an alpha-N-BOC amino acid cesium salt with the resin in DMF at about 50°C for about 24 hours. The alpha-N-BOC-amino acid is attached to the benzhydrylamine resin by means of N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) or N,N'-diisopropylcarbodiimide (DIC) with or without 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBT), benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium-hexafluorophosphate (BOP) or bis(2-oxo-3-oxazolidinyl)phosphine chloride (BOPCl), mediated coupling for from about 1 to about 24 hours, preferably about 12 hours at a temperature of between about 10° and 50°C, most preferably 25°C in a solvent such as dichloromethane or DMF, preferably dichloromethane. The coupling of the carboxyl group to the N-methyl-Ser(OBzl) attached to the peptide resin requires catalysis by 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP), in addition to the carbodiimide reagent.

The coupling of successive protected amino acids can be carried out in an automatic polypeptide synthesizer as is well known in the art. The removal of the alpha-N-protecting groups may be performed in the presence of, for example, a solution of trifluoroacetic acid in methylene chloride, hydrogen chloride in dioxane, hydrogen chloride in acetic acid, or other strong acid solution, preferably 50%

trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane at about ambient temperature. Each protected amino acid is preferably introduced in 0.4M concentration and approximately 3.5 molar excess and the coupling may be carried out in dichloromethane, dichloromethane/DMF mixtures, DMF and the like, especially in methylene chloride at about ambient temperature. The coupling agent is normally DCC in dichloromethane but may be N,N'-di-isopropylcarbodiimide (DIC) or other carbodiimide either alone or in the presence of HOBr, N-hydroxysuccinimide, other N-hydroxyimides or oximes. Alternately, protected amino acid active ester (e.g. p-nitrophenyl, pentafluorophenyl and the like) or symmetrical anhydrides may be used.

10 The side-chain modifications of the peptides of the present invention are carried out by methods detailed below in Preparations A-B.

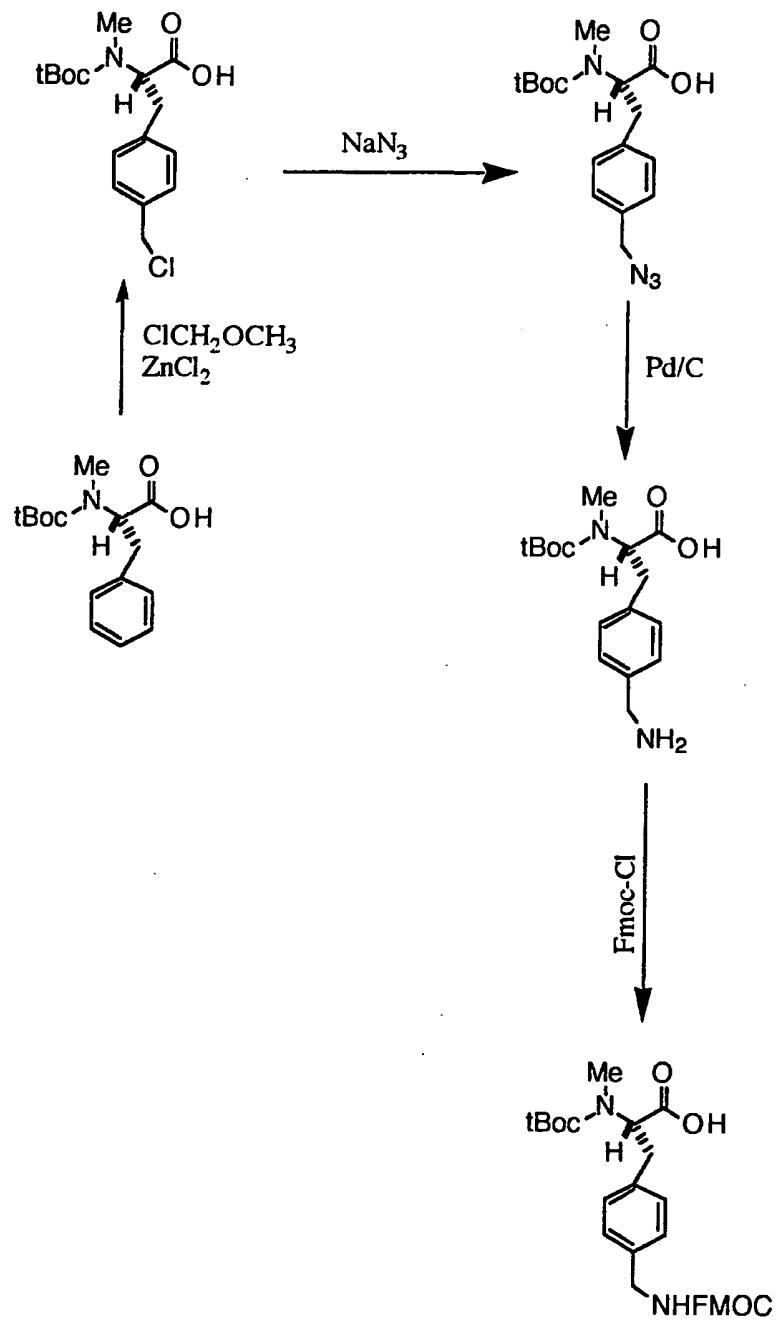
Preparation A

N-(t-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-Methyl-(4-FMOC-aminomethyl)Phenylalanine

15 A mixture of N-trifluoroacetyl-N-methyl-phenylalanine (1 equivalent) and zinc chloride (0.9 to 2.2 equivalents) in chloromethylether is heated at 65 °C for 10-24 hr. The excess reagent is removed *in vacuo* and the residue is dissolved in CH₂Cl₂, washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution, then with saturated sodium chloride solution. The organic phase is dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated. The crude product 20 is purified by column chromatography to yield the 4-(chloromethyl)phenylalanine methyl ester. This is treated with aqueous hydrochloric acid to cleave the methyl ester. The N-methyl-(4-chloromethyl)phenylalanine hydrochloride is treated with di-t-butylcarbonate (1.2 equivalents) in the presence of triethylamine (1 equivalent) in THF at 0 °C for 1 hr. After work-up and purification BOC-N-methyl-(4-chloromethyl)phenylalanine is obtained.

25 BOC-N-Me-(4-chloromethyl)phenylalanine is heated under reflux for 4 to 24 hr with excess of sodium azide and catalytic amount of sodium iodide in methanol. The residue is treated with dilute hydrochloric acid to pH 6 and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic extracts are dried and concentrated to yield BOC-N-methyl-(4-30 azidomethyl)phenylalanine. This is hydrogenated over Pd/C catalyst in methanol to afford BOC-N-methyl-(4-aminomethyl)phenylalanine. The last compound is treated with 9-fluorenylmethyl chlorocarbonate under basic conditions as described in page 24 of "The Practice of Peptide Synthesis" by M. Bodanszky and A. Bodanszky. After work-up and purification N-(t-butoxycarbonyl)-N-methyl-(4-FMOC-35 aminomethyl)phenylalanine is obtained (see Scheme 1).

28

Scheme 1

Preparation BN-(t-Butoxycarbonyl)-D-(4-FMOC-aminomethyl)Phenylalanine

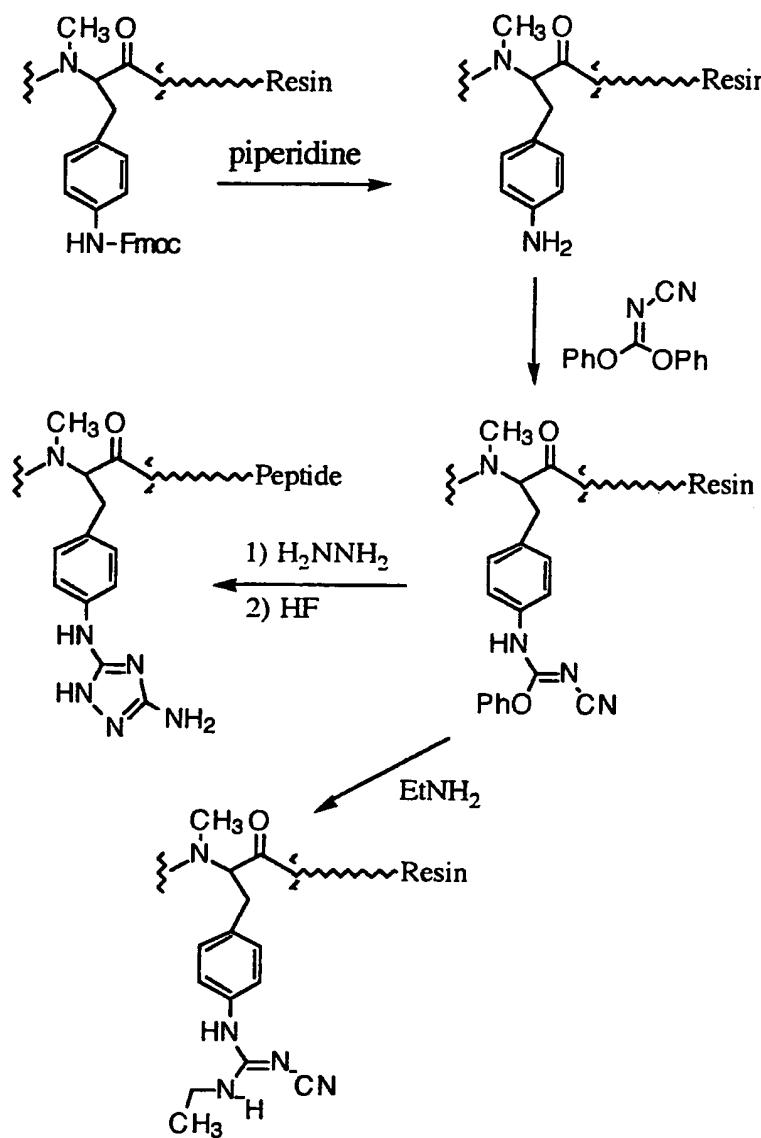
BOC-D-(4-chloromethyl)phenylalanine is synthesized according to Preparation A described above. The product is first treated with sodium azide in methanol, using 5 analogous conditions to those previously described, and then hydrogenated to yield N-BOC-D-(4-aminomethyl)phenylalanine which is substituted with FMOC, as previously described, to afford N-(t-Butoxycarbonyl)-D-(4-FMOC-aminomethyl)Phenylalanine.

10 The Atz or 3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl group can be attached to the 4-amino group of 3-(4-aminophenyl)alanine or the terminal amino group the omega-aminoalkyl side chain of any alpha,omega-diaminocarboxylic acid amino acid by the method detailed below in Scheme 2 which illustrates the process for N^α-methyl-3-(4-aminophenyl)alanine.

15 As shown in Scheme 2 below, upon the completion of the synthesis of a peptide-resin containing an N^α-methyl-3-(4-aminophenyl)alanine residue, the peptide resin is treated with 30% piperidine/DMF for 2 to 24 hr, to cleave the FMOC group from the N-4-amino position of the N-Me-Phe residue. The peptide-resin is washed, 3 times with methylene chloride, 3 times with DMF, and reacted with 10- to 20-fold excess of 20 diphenylcyanocarboimide in DMF overnight (see Scheme 2 below), washed, 3 times with methylene chloride, 3 times with DMF, and then reacted with 20- to 100-fold excess of hydrazine in DMF overnight. The peptide-resin is washed, as previously described, dried over P₂O₅ overnight, and treated with HF/anisole as above.

30

SCHEME 2



The process of Scheme 2 above is similarly used for the attachment of the Atz group to, for example, the epsilon-amino group in the side chain of lysine or similar 5 aminoacyl residue having an omega-aminoalkyl side chain group.

Example 1N-Ac-DTyr-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 1)

In the reaction vessel of a Milligen-Bioscience 9500 peptide synthesizer was placed 5 1 g (0.6 mmol) of -D-Ala-NH-resin (4-methyl-benzhydrylamine resin). Amino acids were added sequentially according to the following synthetic cycle:

1. Deblocking, to remove the t-BOC group from the alpha-amino function of the peptide, is carried out using a solution of 45% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA), 2.5% 10 anisole, 2.0% dimethyl phosphite, and 50.5% methylene chloride. The resin is prewashed with the deblocking solution for one minute and then the deblocking reaction is run for 20 minutes.
2. Base wash, to remove and neutralize the TFA used for deprotection, is carried out 15 using a solution of 10% N,N'-diisopropylethylamine in methylene chloride. The resin is washed with base three times for one minute each time after a deblocking step.
3. Coupling reaction is carried out using a 3-fold molar excess of 0.3 M DMF solution of a t-BOC protected amino acid derivative along with a 3-fold molar excess 20 of 0.3 M methylene chloride solution of diisopropylcarbodiimide as activator. The activated amino acid is then coupled to the free alpha amino group of the peptide-resin. The reaction time is as described in the synthesis protocol.
4. Wash, each reaction step is followed by three washes of one minute each: one of 25 methylene chloride, one of (1:1) methylene chloride/DMF, and one of DMF.

Synthesis Protocol:

The amino protected amino acids are coupled to the resin according the following order, number, and duration of couplings:

30

#	Amino Acid	Coupling
1.	BOC-Pro	two-1h
2.	BOC-Lys(N-epsilon-Cbz,Isopropyl)	two-1h
3.	BOC-Leu	two-1h
4.	BOC-D-Lys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)	two-1h
5.	BOC-NMe-Tyr(O-2,6-diCl-BzI)	two-1h

6. BOC-Ser(OBzl) two-1h
7. BOC-D-3Pal two-6h
8. BOC-D-4ClPhe two-2h
9. BOC-D2Nal two-2h
10. BOC-DTyr(O-2,6-diCl-Bzl) two-2h
11. acetic acid two-2h

Upon completion of the synthesis the resin is dried overnight over P_2O_5 under vacuum and then treated with dry HF in the presence of anisole at 0 °C for 1h to cleave the peptide from the resin. The excess of reagent is removed *in vacuo*. The resin is washed first with ether, then stirred at room temperature with a solution of (1:1:0.1) water/acetonitrile/acetic acid (50 ml) for 15 minutes, and filtered. The filtrate is lyophilized to give the crude peptide as a fluffy powder. This is purified by HPLC using a (25 x 2.5 cm) Dynamax C-18 column (8 micron) with solvent mixtures varying in a gradient ranging from 89% H_2O /11% CH_3CN /0.1% TFA over a period of 20 minutes. The UV detector is set at 260 nm. The product is eluted at 37.80 min as a single peak, collected and lyophilized to give pure NAc-DTyr-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (**1**) as the trifluoroacetate salt. FAB Mass spec. m/e 1697 (M+H)⁺.
Amino Acid Anal: 1.01 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.99 Lys; 1.01 Leu; 0.99 NMeTyr; 0.49Ser; 0.94 Tyr.

Example 2

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 1 was used but substituting BOC-Gly for BOC-DTyr(O-2,6-diCl-Bzl) and the appropriate carboxylic acids instead of acetic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

Example 2a N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 26); R_t = 23.17 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1705 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 1.04 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 0.99 Lys; 0.78 NMeTyr; 0.54 Ser; 0.99 3Pal; 1.06 4ClPhe; 0.99 Gly.

Example 2b N-Dihydroshikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 27); R_t = 17.45 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1707 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 0.88 Pro; 0.96 Lys(Isp); 0.93 Leu; 0.98 Lys; 0.40 NMeTyr; 5 0.56 Ser; 0.80 3Pal; 0.97 4ClPhe; 1.22 Gly.

Example 2c N-2-Furoyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 28); R_t = 28.57 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1643 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.05 Ala; 10 0.97 Pro; 0.95 Lys(Isp); 0.97 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 0.56 NMeTyr; 0.44 Ser; 0.74 3Pal; 0.91 4ClPhe; 1.02 Gly.

Example 2d N-3Furoyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 29); R_t = 28.82 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1643 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.06 Ala; 15 1.00 Pro; 0.90 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 0.97 Lys; 0.60 NMeTyr; 0.46 Ser; 0.72 3Pal; 0.72 4ClPhe; 0.95 Gly.

Example 2e N-Picolyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 30); R_t = 29.25 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1654 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.04 Pro; 1.01 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.03 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 1.01 3Pal; 1.07 4ClPhe; 20 0.98 Gly.

Example 2f N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 31); R_t = 26.65 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1654 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.88 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 0.99 NMeTyr; 0.45 Ser; 1.08 3Pal; 1.16 4ClPhe; 1.00 Gly.

Example 2g N-Isonicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 32); R_t = 22.77 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1654 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.97 Lys(Isp); 1.03 Leu; 0.97 Lys; 1.02 NMeTyr; 0.43 Ser; 1.01 3Pal; 35 1.04 4ClPhe; 0.97 Gly.

34

Example 2h N-Salicyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 33); R_t = 31.25 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1669 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.99 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 0.98 Lys; 1.10 NMeTyr; 0.47 Ser; 0.98 3Pal; 1.02 4ClPhe; 0.98 Gly.

Example 3

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 23). The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 1 was used but substituting BOC-Gly for BOC-DTyr(O-2,6-diCl-BzI) and (R,S) tetrahydro-2-furoyl for acetic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N[(R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (23) was obtained as trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 26.95min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.04 Pro; 0.94 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.10 NMeTyr; 0.49 Ser; 1.00 3Pal; 1.07 4ClPhe; 0.98 Gly.

Example 4

N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 24)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 3 substituting (S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid for (R,S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N[(S) Tetrahydro-fur-2-oyl]-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (24) was obtained as trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 27.08 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.93 Lys(Isp); 0.99 Leu; 1.03 Lys; 0.90 NMeTyr; 0.55 Ser; 0.98 3Pal; 1.00 4ClPhe; 1.00 Gly.

Example 5

N-(R) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 25)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 3 substituting (R)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid for (R,S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N[(R) Tetrahydro-fur-2-oyl]-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (25) was obtained as trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 18.32 min; FAB Mass spec.

m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.96 Ala; 0.98 Pro; 1.01 Lys(Isp); 0.99 Leu; 1.07 Lys; 0.93 NMeTyr; 0.67 Ser; 1.16 3Pal; 1.11 4ClPhe; 1.13 Gly.

Example 6

5 The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 1 was used but substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids for BOC-DTyr(O-2,6-diCl-Bzl) and the appropriate carboxylic acids instead of acetic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

10 Example 6a N-Nicotinyl-3Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 35); R_t = 22.32 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1668 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.92 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 0.95 Lys; 1.04 NMeTyr; 15 0.40 Ser; 1.00 3Pal; 1.05 4ClPhe.

20 Example 6b N-Shikimyl-3Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 36); R_t = 22.25 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1719 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 1.02 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 0.71 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 1.00 3Pal; 1.00 4ClPhe.

25 Example 6c N-Nicotinyl-4Aminobutyryl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 38); R_t = 22.75 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1682 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.02 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.89 Lys(Isp); 1.03 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 0.89 NMeTyr; 0.44 Ser; 0.70 3Pal; 0.75 4ClPhe; 0.97 4-aminobutyric acid.

30 Example 6d N-Shikimyl-4-Aminobutyryl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 39); R_t = 22.50 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1733 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.89 Lys(Isp); 1.05 Leu; 0.97 Lys; 0.83 NMeTyr; 0.44 Ser; 0.71 3Pal; 0.76 D4ClPhe; 0.95 4-aminobutyric acid.

Example 6e N-Nicotinyl-5Aminovaleryl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 41); R_t = 14.02 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1695 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.93 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 0.94 NMeTyr; 5 0.43 Ser; 0.99 3Pal; 1.06 4ClPhe; 0.76 5-aminovaleric acid.

Example 6f N-Shikimyl-5Aminovaleryl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 42); R_t = 13.82 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1747 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid 10 Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.93 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.01 NMeTyr; 0.45 Ser; 1.01 3Pal; 1.07 4ClPhe; 0.80 5-aminovaleric acid.

Example 7

N-Shikimyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 47)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 1 was used but substituting BOC-D-Ser(OBzl) for BOC-DTyr(O-2,6-diCl-Bzl) and shikimic acid for acetic acid. After workup, lyophilization, and HPLC purification there was obtained:

20 N-Shikimyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (47); R_t = 13.73 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1735 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.97 Lys(Isp); 0.98 Leu; 0.99 Lys; 0.82 NMeTyr; 0.97 Ser; 1.01 3Pal; 1.05 4ClPhe.

Example 8

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 49)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 2 for the synthesis of NicGly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was used but substituting BOC-DLys(N-epsilon-FMOC) instead of BOC-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl). Upon the completion of the synthesis the peptide resin was treated with 20% piperidine/DMF overnight, washed three times with methylene chloride/DMF and then coupled first with BOC-Gly and second with nicotinic acid using two-two hr coupling 30 protocol described in Example 1. The peptide resin was dried and treated with HF/anisole as previously described. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC 35

purification N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (**49**) was obtained; R_t = 13.88 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1711 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 0.98 Pro; 0.92 Lys(Isp); 0.98 Leu; 0.97 Lys; 0.65 NMeTyr; 0.45 Ser; 0.92 3Pal; 0.98 4ClPhe; 2.06 Gly.

Example 9

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound **50**)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 2 for the synthesis of NicGly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was used but substituting BOC-DLys(N-epsilon-FMOC) instead of BOC-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl). Upon the completion of the synthesis the peptide resin was treated with 20% piperidine/DMF overnight, washed three times with methylene chloride/DMF and then treated with a large excess of carbonyldiimidazole in DMF for 30 minutes. The peptide resin was washed three times with a 1:1 mixture of DMF/DCM and then reacted with a large excess of nicotinyl hydrazide in DMF overnight. The peptide resin was dried and treated with HF/anisole as previously described. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (**50**) was obtained; R_t = 14.05 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1712 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.92 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.00 NMeTyr; 0.45 Ser; 0.99 3Pal; 1.03 4ClPhe; 1.01 Gly.

Example 10

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Furoyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound **51**)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 9 was used but substituting 2-furoyl hydrazide instead of nicotinyl hydrazide. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Furoyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (**51**) was obtained; R_t = 16.35 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1700 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.95 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 0.95 Lys; 0.87 NMeTyr; 0.48 Ser; 0.97 3Pal; 1.02 4ClPhe; 1.03 Gly.

Example 11

N-(R,S)Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 52)

5 The title compound was prepared by the procedures described in Examples 3 and 9 but substituting the appropriate amino acids and N-terminal acids. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-(R,S)tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (5 2) was obtained; R_t = 23.23 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1706 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 0.98 Pro; 1.02 Lys(Isp); 0.98 Leu; 10 1.05 Lys; 0.97 NMeTyr; 0.53 Ser; 0.95 3Pal; 1.01 4ClPhe; 1.01 Gly.

Example 12

N-(R,S)Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 53)

15 The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 3 was used but coupling with (R,S) tetrahydro2-furoic acid after BOC-D2Nal. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-(R,S)tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (5 3) was obtained; R_t = 26.70 and 26.77 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1704 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.04 Ala; 0.97 Pro; 0.93 Lys(Isp); 0.99 Leu; 20 0.95 Lys; 0.86 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 1.05 3Pal; 1.11 4ClPhe; 2.02 Gly.

Example 13

25 The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 1 was used but substituting BOC-Gly for BOC-DTyr(O-2,6diCl-Bzl), BOC-DCit for BOC-DLys(N-epsilon-FMOC), BOC-Arg(Tos) for BOC-Lys(N-epsilon-CBZ,isopropyl) and the appropriate BOC-amino acids and acids for acetic acid. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were 30 obtained:

Example 13a N-(R,S)-Tetrahydro-Fur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 80) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 36.10 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1557 (M+H)⁺. Amino 35 Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.99 Arg; 1.02 Leu; 1.03 Cit; 0.49 Ser; 1.05 3Pal; 1.06 4ClPhe; 0.98 Gly.

Example 13b N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 81) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 32.35 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1615 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 5 0.96 Arg; 1.04 Leu; 0.98 Cit; 0.47 Ser; 0.69 3Pal; 0.97 4ClPhe; 0.95 Gly.

Example 13c N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 82) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 32.20 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1565 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 10 1.00 Arg; 1.03 Leu; 1.02 Cit; 0.86 NMeTyr; 0.44 Ser; 1.03 3Pal; 1.01 4ClPhe; 0.95 Gly.

Example 13d N-Succinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 83) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 38.05 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1559 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 15 0.96 Arg; 0.99 Leu; 1.00 Cit; 1.04 NMeTyr; 0.53 Ser; 0.97 3Pal; 1.04 4ClPhe; 1.05 Gly.

Example 13e N-Shikimyl-DAla-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 848 4) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 20 31.25 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1629 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.99 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.94 Arg; 1.03 Leu; 1.04 Cit; 1.05 NMeTyr; 0.51 Ser; 0.70 3Pal; 0.88 4ClPhe.

25 Example 13f N-Shikimyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 85) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 31.25 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1646 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.04 Pro; 0.97 Arg; 1.00 Leu; 0.98 Cit; 0.90 NMeTyr; 1.02 Ser; 0.99 3Pal; 1.02 4ClPhe.

30 **Example 14**

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 1 was used but substituting BOC-Gly for BOC-D-Tyr(O-2,6-diCl-Bzl), BOC-Cit for BOC-DLys(N-epsilon-FMOC), BOC-Arg(Tos) for BOC-Lys(N-epsilon-Cbz,isopropyl), and the appropriate acids. After workup, lyophilization and 35 HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

40

Example 14a N-Nicotinyl-Sar-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 86) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 31.35 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1705 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 1.01 Arg; 1.04 Leu; 0.93 Lys; 1.19 NMeTyr; 0.48 Ser; 1.14 3Pal; 1.23 5 4ClPhe; 0.97 Sar.

Example 14b N-Shikimyl-Sar-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 87) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 31.35 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1757 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 10 1.02 Pro; 0.99 Arg; 1.03 Leu; 0.97 Lys; 0.97 NMeTyr; 0.51 Ser; 1.12 3Pal; 1.2 4ClPhe; 0.90 Sar.

Example 14c N-Nicotinyl-DAla-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 88) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 31.15 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1705 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.98 Ala; 15 1.02 Pro; 0.98 Arg; 1.02 Leu; 0.92 Lys; 1.10 NMeTyr; 0.47 Ser; 1.12 3Pal; 1.20 4ClPhe.

Example 14d N-Shikimyl-DAla-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 89) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 30.75 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1756 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.98 Ala; 20 1.05 Pro; 1.00 Arg; 1.03 Leu; 0.94 Lys; 1.01 NMeTyr; 0.47 Ser; 1.11 3Pal; 1.19 4ClPhe.

Example 14e N-Nicotinyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 90) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 31.35 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1722 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.97 Ala; 25 1.03 Pro; 0.96 Arg; 1.02 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.02 NMeTyr; 1.01 Ser; 1.10 3Pal; 1.14 4ClPhe.

Example 14f N-Shikimyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 91) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 30.60 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1773 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 30 1.03 Pro; 0.95 Arg; 0.99 Leu; 0.93 Lys; 1.02 NMeTyr; 0.96 Ser; 1.06 3Pal; 1.12 4ClPhe.

Example 14g N-Nicotinyl-DLys(Nic)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 92) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 29.25 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1867 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.97 Arg; 1.03 Leu; 1.85 Lys; 1.05 NMeTyr; 5 0.49 Ser; 1.13 D3Pal; 1.20 D-4ClPhe.

Example 14h N-Shikimyl-DLys(Nic)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 93) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 28.65 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1918 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.99 Arg; 1.02 Leu; 1.79 Lys; 1.09 NMeTyr; 10 0.45 Ser; 1.11 3Pal; 1.19 4ClPhe.

Example 14i N-Nicotinyl-DLys(Shik)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 94) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 29.05 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1918 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 1.04 Pro; 1.01 Arg; 1.06 Leu; 1.88 Lys; 1.12 NMeTyr; 15 0.57 Ser; 1.16 3Pal; 1.23 4ClPhe.

Example 14j N-Shikimyl-DLys(Shik)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 95) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 28.35 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1969 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.96 Arg; 1.02 Leu; 1.80 Lys; 1.01 NMeTyr; 20 0.49 Ser; 1.12 3Pal; 1.19 4ClPhe.

Example 14k N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 96) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 30.85 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1691 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.04 Pro; 1.00 Arg; 1.02 Leu; 0.95 Lys; 0.92 NMeTyr; 0.47 Ser; 1.03 3Pal; 1.08 4ClPhe; 0.84 Gly.

Example 14l N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 97) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 30.85 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1743 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.06 Pro; 1.00 Arg; 1.03 Leu; 0.97 Lys; 0.92 NMeTyr; 0.49 Ser; 1.05 3Pal; 1.10 4ClPhe; 0.92 Gly.

42

Example 14m N-(S)- Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 98) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 38.40 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1683 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.98 Arg; 1.01 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.02 NMeTyr; 5 0.52 Ser; 1.003Pal; 1.09 4ClPhe; 1.02 Gly.

Example 14n N-(R)- Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 99) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 41.15 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1683 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.98 Arg; 1.01 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.02 NMeTyr; 10 0.52 Ser; 1.00 3Pal; 1.09 4ClPhe; 1.02 Gly.

Example 15

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in 15 Example 14 was used but substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids at position G and acids at position X for BOC-DLys(Shik). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

Example 15a N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)- 20 Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 100) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 32.85 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1692 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.97 Arg; 1.03 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 1.14 NMeTyr; 0.52 Ser; 1.12 3Pal; 0.97 Gly.

Example 15b N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly- 25 Nic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 101) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 34.75 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1750 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.98 Arg; 1.01 Leu; 0.97 Lys; 1.04 NMeTyr; 0.53 Ser; 1.00 3Pal; 1.09 4ClPhe; 2.01 Gly.

Example 15c N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(DSer- 30 Nic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 102) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 34.45 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1778 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.04 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.94 Arg; 1.00 Leu; 1.02 Lys; 1.12 NMeTyr; 1.28 Ser; 1.02 3Pal; 1.06 4ClPhe; 1.15 Gly.

43

Example 15d N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 103) was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 18.59 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1799 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.13 Ala; 0.98 Pro; 0.99 Arg; 1.03 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 0.85 NMeTyr; 0.44 Ser; 0.69 5 3Pal; 0.76 4ClPhe; 1.91 Gly.

Example 16N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D1Nal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 104)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 14 10 for N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was used but substituting BOC-D1Nal for BOC-D3Pal. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D1Nal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂; R_t = 40.55 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1791 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.04 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.94 Arg; 0.99 Leu; 0.99 15 Lys; 0.61 NMeTyr; 0.58 Ser; 1.06 4ClPhe; 1.02 Gly.

Example 17N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 105)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 14 20 for N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was used but substituting BOC-NMePhe for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6-diClBzl). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D1Nal-Ser-NMePhe-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂; R_t = 25 35.05 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1726 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.98 Arg; 1.00 Leu; 0.52 Ser; 1.03 Pal; 1.07 4ClPhe; 0.97 Gly.

Example 18

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in 30 Example 14 for N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was used but substituting BOC-Ile and BOC-NMeLeu, respectively, for BOC-Leu. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

35 Example 18a N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Ile-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂; R_t = 32.05 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1742 (M+H)⁺. Amino

Acid Analysis : 1.06 Ala; 1.07 Pro; 0.99 Arg; 0.93 Ile; 0.52 Ser; 1.06 3Pal; 1.06 4ClPhe; 1.00 Gly (Compound 106).

5 Example 18b N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-NMeLeu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂; R_t = 33.4 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1756 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.09 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.97 Arg; 0.94 Lys; 0.75 NMeTyr; 0.51 Ser; 1.03 3Pal; 1.09 4ClPhe; 0.97 Gly (Compound 107).

Example 19

10 N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Aze-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 108)

15 The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 14 for N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was used but substituting BOC-Aze for BOC-Pro. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Aze-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 14.13 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1728 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 0.96 Arg; 0.98 Leu; 0.99 Lys; 1.41; NMeTyr; 0.51 Ser; 0.95 3Pal; 1.00 4ClPhe; 1.05 Gly.

20

Example 20

N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(GlyGlyNic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 109)

25 The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 15 for N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was used but coupling twice with BOC-Gly before the nicotinic acid coupling. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(GlyGlyNic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 14.77 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1805 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.02 Ala; 1.00 Arg; 1.03 Leu; 1.02 Lys; 1.10 NMeTyr; 0.47 Ser; 1.17 3Pal; 0.91 4ClPhe; 2.90 Gly.

Example 21

N-(L-Gulonyl)-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-L-Gulonyl)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 110)

35 The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 15 for N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was used to synthesize Boc-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-

NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Boc)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAla-resin. The peptide was cleaved with HF/anisole and lyophilized leaving the free glycine amine residues at positions 0 and 6. The crude peptide (0.24 g, 0.17 mmol), and L-gulonic lactone (0.30 g, 1.7 mmol) were heated in DMF at 85° for 48 h. The solution was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by HPLC to give N-(L-Gulonyl)-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-L-Gulonyl)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 17.16 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1843 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.14 Ala; 0.97 Pro; 1.00 Arg; 1.06 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 0.87 NMeTyr; 0.45 Ser; 0.69 3Pal; 0.75 4ClPhe; 1.85 Gly.

10 **Example 22**

N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 111)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 15 for N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was used but substituting nicotinic for shikimic acid. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 23.82 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1748 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.94 Arg; 0.98 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 0.93 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 1.06 3Pal; 1.13 4ClPhe; 2.08 Gly.

20 **Example 23**

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 14 was used but substituting BOC-Ile and BOC-NMeLeu, respectively, for BOC-Leu. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

Example 23a N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Ile-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 112); R_t = 14.27 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1691 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.04 Ala; 1.04 Pro; 1.00 Arg; 0.95 Ile; 0.96 Lys; 1.79 NMeTyr; 0.47 Ser; 0.99 D3Pal; 1.05 D4ClPhe; 1.01 Gly.

Example 23b N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-NMeLeu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 113); R_t = 15.15 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1705 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.08 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.97 Arg; 0.92 Lys; 1.33 NMeTyr; 0.47 Ser; 0.95 3Pal; 1.01 4ClPhe; 1.06 Gly.

Example 24**N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-Leu-Arg-Aze-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 114)**

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 19
5 was used but substituting BOC-Aze for BOC-Pro. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-Leu-Arg-Aze-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 14.00 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1678 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.02 Ala; 1.00 Arg; 0.97 Lys; 0.46 Ser; 1.15 3Pal; 0.89 4ClPhe; 1.0 Gly.

10

Example 25

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 14 was used but substituting BOC-Harg(NO₂) for BOC-Arg(Tos). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were
15 obtained:

Example 25a N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 115); R_t = 30.45 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1705 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 1.04 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.06 NMeTyr; 0.54 Ser; 1.13 3Pal; 1.20 4ClPhe; 1.02 Gly.

Example 25b N-Nicotinyl-DSer-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 116); R_t = 33.85 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1735 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 1.00 Leu;
25 0.98 Lys; 1.04 NMeTyr; 1.05 Ser; 0.97 3Pal; 1.04 4ClPhe.

Example 25c N-(2-Furoyl)-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 117); R_t = 40.60 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1694 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 1.01 Leu; 0.93 Lys; 1.28 NMeTyr; 0.47 Ser; 0.97 3Pal; 1.04 4ClPhe; 0.88 Gly.

Example 25d N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 118); R_t = 31.95 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1756 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 1.04 Leu; 0.94 Lys; 1.15 NMeTyr; 0.49 Ser; 1.15 3Pal; 1.20 4ClPhe; 0.97 Gly.

Example 25e N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 119); R_t = 30.27 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1762 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis: 1.07 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.99 Leu; 0.99 Lys; 1.14 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 0.97 3Pal; 1.04 4 4ClPhe; 2.01 Gly.

5

Example 25f N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 120); R_t = 18.91 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1655 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis: 1.02 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 1.03 Leu; 0.99 Lys; 1.01 NMeTyr; 0.46 Ser; 1.04 3Pal; 1.10 4ClPhe; 0.96 Gly.

10

Example 25g N-(3-Quinolinylcarbonyl)-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 124); R_t = 17.77 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1755 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis: 1.01 Ala; 0.92 Pro; 0.98 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.41 NMeTyr; 0.49 Ser; 0.93 3Pal; 0.98 4ClPhe; 1.04 Gly.

15

Example 26

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 22 was used but substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids at positions A and X and the appropriate BOC-amino acids for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6-diCl-Bzl). 20 After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

Example 26a N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 121); R_t = 16.79 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 25

1689 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis: 1.00 Ala; 0.96 Pro; 0.96 Leu; 1.03 Lys; 0.54 Ser; 0.92 3Pal; 0.97 4ClPhe; 1.05 Gly.

Example 26b N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(NO₂)-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 122); R_t = 17.83 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1736 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis: 1.07 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 1.00 Leu; 0.94 Lys; 0.40 Ser; 0.98 3Pal; 1.04 4ClPhe; 1.00Gly.

Example 26c N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(NO₂)-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 123); R_t = 17.37 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1785 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis: 1.04 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 1.00 Leu; 0.97 Lys; 0.48 Ser; 0.99 3Pal; 1.03 4ClPhe; 0.99Gly.

Example 27

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 14 was used but substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids and acids at 5 positions X, A, G and J. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

Example 27a N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 125); R_t = 15.11 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 10 1640 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.04 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.99 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 1.47 NMeTyr; 0.46 Ser; 0.99 3Pal; 1.06 4ClPhe; 1.02Gly.

Example 27b N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrosur-2oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 126); R_t = 18.27 min; 15 FAB Mass spec. m/e 1690 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.07 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 1.01 Leu; 0.99 Lys; 1.40 NMeTyr; 0.39 Ser; 0.97 3Pal; 1.09 4ClPhe; 1.97Gly.

Example 27c N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Arg-Aze-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 127); R_t = 14.77 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 20 1678 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.02 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.07 NMeTyr; 0.43 Ser; 1.15 3Pal; 0.90 4ClPhe; 0.98.Gly.

Example 27d N-Nicotinyl-3-Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shikimyl)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 128); R_t = 30.75 min; FAB 25 Mass spec. m/e 1705 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; .98 Pro; 0.95 Arg; 1.04 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 0.90 NMeTyr; 0.55 Ser; 1.13 3Pal; 1.19 4ClPhe.

Example 27e N-Shikimyl-3-Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 129); R_t = 30.95 min; FAB Mass 30 spec. m/e 1756 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; .1.03 Pro; 0.99 Arg; 1.04 Leu; 0.95 Lys; 0.35 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 1.12 3Pal; 1.18 4ClPhe.

Example 28N-Nicotinyl-3Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 132)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 8
 5 was used but substituting BOC-Harg(NO₂) instead of BOC-Arg(Tos). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification Nicotinyl-3Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂; R_t = 34.20 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1719 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.99 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 1.02 NMeTyr; 0.57 Ser; 0.98 3Pal; 1.04 4ClPhe.

10

Example 29N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(GlyNic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 135)

The title compound was prepared using the method of Example 8 but
 15 substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids and acids at positions 6 and 0. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification there was obtained N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(GlyNic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂; R_t = 31.31 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1705 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis: 0.96 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.96 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 0.85 Lys; 1.08 Gly; 1.08 NMeTyr; 0.49 Ser; 20 1.13 3Pal; 1.15 4ClPhe (135).

Example 30

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 11 was used but substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids and acids at positions 6 and 0. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following 25 compounds were obtained:

Example 30a N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofuran-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Fur)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 136); R_t = 27.47 and 27.58 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1694 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.02 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.95 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.93 Lys; 1.07 NMeTyr; 0.47 Ser; 30 1.07 3Pal; 1.13 4ClPhe; 1.03 Gly.

Example 30b N-Shik-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 139); R_t = 31.21 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 35 1707 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.94 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 0.87 Lys; 0.87 NMeTyr; 0.5 Ser; 0.97 3Pal; 1.05 ClPhe.

Example 30c N-Shik-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Fur)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 140); R_t = 30.87 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1696 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.92 Lys(Isp); 5 1.01 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.16 NMeTyr; 0.5 Ser; 1.05 3Pal; 1.06 ClPhe.

Example 31

N-Nicotinyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 141)

10 The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 30 was used but substituting at position 0 NicAzagly using the same method described above for position 6. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification NicAzagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂; R_t = 25.92 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1565 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid 15 Analysis : 1.02 Ala; 0.98 Pro; 0.91 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 1.44 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 1.01 3Pal; 1.0 4ClPhe.

Example 32

N-Nicotinyl-Azagly-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 142)

20 The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 31 was used but substituting BOC-DLys(Nic) for BOC-DLys(FMOC), BOC-DBal for BOC-D3Pal and skipping the BOC-D2Nal couplings. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification Nic-Azagly-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂; R_t = 19.17 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1513 (M+H)⁺. 25 Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.99 Leu; 1.57 Lys; 1.08 NMeTyr; 0.45 Ser.

Example 33

30 The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 32 was used but substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids and acids at positions 3 and 0. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

Example 33a N-(2-Furoyl)-Azagly-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 143); R_t = 20.41 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1502 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.96 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 1.6 Lys(Isp); 1.02Leu; 0.94 Lys; 1.16 NMeTyr; 0.48 Ser.

5

Example 33b N-Isonicotinyl-Azagly-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 145); R_t = 17.23 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1513 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.04 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.88 Lys(Isp); 0.99 Leu; 0.94 Lys; 1.23 NMeTyr; 0.63 Ser; 0.86 4ClPhe.

10

Example 33c N-Nicotinyl-Azagly-D4ClPhe-D1Nal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 146); R_t = 18.60 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1507 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.95Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.09 NMeTyr; 0.41 Ser; 1.00 4ClPhe.

15

Example 34

N-Nicotinyl-Sar-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 147)

The title compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 33 was used but, instead of introducing NicAzagly after the coupling with BOC-D4ClPhe, the peptide-resin was coupled with BOC-Sar followed by nicotinic acid. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification NicSar-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 17.80 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1526 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.04 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.90 Lys(Isp); 0.99 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.22 NMeTyr; 0.41 Ser; 0.74 4ClPhe.

Example 35

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 34 was used but coupling with BOC-Gly and nicotinic acid after the coupling with BOC-Sar and substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids at position 3. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

52

Example 35a Nic-Gly-Sar-D4ClPhe-D1Nal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂(Compound 148); R_t = 17.25 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1578 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.88 Lys(Isp); 1.03 Leu; 1.05 Lys; 1.07 NMeTyr; 0.48 Ser; 1.15 4ClPhe; 0.92 Sar; 0.92 Gly.

5

Example 35b Nic-Gly-Sar-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂(Compound 149); R_t = 16.30 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1584 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.10 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.94 Lys(Isp); 0.97 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 1.10 NMeTyr; 0.41 Ser; 1.03 Sar; 0.95 Gly.

10

Example 36

The following compound was prepared by the procedure described in Example 2 but substituting BOC-3-aminopropanoic acid for BOC-Gly and BOC-D-Bal for BOC-D-3-Pal. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification there was obtained:

N-Nicotinyl-3-Aminopropionyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-DBal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 151) was obtained; R_t = 18.39 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1726 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.92 Ala; 0.98 Pro; 1.01 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 1.08 Lys; 1.18 NMeTyr; 0.36 Ser; 1.04 4ClPhe.

20

Example 37

The following compounds were prepared by the procedure described in Example 31 was used but substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids and acid hydrazides. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

Example 37a N-(2-Furoyl)-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 155); R_t = 21.49 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1644 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 1.64 Lys; 1.01 Leu; 0.82 NMeTyr; 0.56 Ser.

Example 37b N-Nicotinyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 156); R_t = 17.60 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1655 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 1.60 Lys; 1.01 Leu; 1.12 NMeTyr; 0.46 Ser.

30

35

Example 37c N-Salicyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 157); R_t = 20.35 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1671 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.98 Lys; 1.01 Leu; 1.12 NMeTyr; 0.46 Ser.

5

Example 37d N-Isonicotinyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 158); R_t = 19.30 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1655 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.87 Lys(Isp); 1.04 Leu; 0.95 Lys; 1.04 NMeTyr; 0.46 Ser; 1.06 3Pal; 1.04 4ClPhe.

10

Example 37e N-Tosyl-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 160); R_t = 21.17 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1704 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.07 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.90 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.94 Lys; 1.04 NMeTyr; 0.51 Ser.

15

Example 38

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 165)

The title compound was prepared using the procedure described in Example 3 but substituting BOC-SarNH-resin for BOC-DAlaNH-resin. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (165) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt. R_t = 17.03 and 18.04 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1646 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Sar; 1.0 Pro; 1.23 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.02 Lys; 1.12 NMeTyr; 0.51 Ser; 1.13 3Pal; 1.31 4ClPhe.

30

Example 39

N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 166)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-SarNH-resin for BOC-DAlaNH-resin. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.75 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.90 Sar; 0.99 Pro; 1.0 Lys(Isp); 0.99 Leu; 0.99 Lys; 1.03 NMeTyr; 0.39 Ser; 0.97 D3Pal; 1.03 D4ClPhe; 1.02 Gly.

Example 40

N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 167)

5 The procedure described in Example 5 is used but substituting BOC-SarNH-resin instead of BOC-DAlaNH-resin. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R)-Tetrahydrofur-2-ol-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (167) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

10 **Example 41**

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 168)

15 The procedure described in Example 1 is used but substituting the BOC-Tyr(O-2,6diClBzl) for BOC-NMe-Tyr(O-2,6Cl-Bzl). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (168) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

20 **Example 42**

20 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 169)

25 The procedure described in Example 41 is used but substituting BOC-Lys(Nic) for BOC-Tyr(O-2,6Cl-Bzl). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (169) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

Example 43

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 170)

30 The procedure described in Example 41 is used but substituting BOC-DCit and BOC-Arg(Tos) for BOC-DLys(Nic) and BOC-Lys(Cbz,Isp), respectively. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-SarNH₂ (170) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

Example 44N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Arg-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 171)

The procedure described in Example 41 is used but substituting BOC-DHcit
5 for BOC-DLys(Nic). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Arg-Pro-SarNH₂ (171) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

Example 4510 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 172)

The procedure described in Example 44 is used but substituting BOC-Lys(Isp,Cbz) for BOC-Arg(Tos). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (172) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

Example 4615 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Arg-D-4(pOMeBzol)Hala-Leu-Arg-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 173)

20 The procedure described in Example 43 is used but substituting BOC-Arg(Tos) and BOC-D-4-(p-OMe-Benzoyl)Homoalanyl for BOC-Tyr(O-2,6-diClBzI) and BOC-DCit, respectively. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Arg-D4(pOMeBzol)-Leu-Arg-Pro-SarNH₂ (173) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

25

Example 47N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHarg(Et₂)-Leu-Harg(Et₂)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 174)

30 The procedure described in Example 43 is used but substituting BOC-DHarg(Et₂) and BOC-Harg(Et₂) for BOC-DCit and BOC-Arg(Tos), respectively. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHarg(Et₂)-Leu-Harg(Et₂)-Pro-SarNH₂ (174) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

Example 48N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Atz)-DPh
e(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 175)

The procedure described in Example 38 is used but substituting BOC-NMePhe(4NFMOC) and BOC-DPh(4NFMOC) for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6-ClBzl) and BOC-DLys(Nic). The peptide-resin was treated with 30% piperidine in DMF for 2 hr, then washed three times with (1:1) DMF/DCM, treated with a solution of diphenyl cyanocarbonimidate (0.43 g) in DMF (15 mL) and the mixture was bubbled for 16 hr. The resin was washed three times each with DCM/DMF, MeOH, and DCM, then treated with hydrazine (10 mL) for 8 hr. The resin was again washed as previously and dried in vacuo overnight over P₂O₅. After cleavage of the peptide from the resin with HF, workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Atz)-DPh(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (175) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

15

Example 49N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Phe(Atz)-DPh
e(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 176)

The procedure described in Example 48 is used but substituting BOC-Phe(4NFMOC) for BOC-NMePhe(4NFMOC). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Phe(Atz)-DPh(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (176) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

Example 50N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Me-Atz)-DPh
e(Me-Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 177)

The procedure described in Example 48 is used but substituting BOC-NMePhe(4Me-NFMOC) and BOC-DPh(4Me-NFMOC) for BOC-NMePhe(4NFMOC) and BOC-DPh(4NFMOC). After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(MeAtz)-DPh(Me-Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (177) is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

Example 51

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Atz)-DLys(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 178)

The procedure described in Example 48 is used but substituting BOC-

5 Lys(FMOC) and BOC-DLys(NFMOC) for BOC-NMePhe(4N-FMOC) and BOC-DPhe(4NFMOC), respectively. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Atz)-DLys(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt.

Example 52

The procedures described in Examples 41-49 are used but substituting BOC-DAla-NH-resin for BOC-Sar-NH-resin. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds are obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt:

15 Example 52a N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrosur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 179).

Example 52b N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 180).

20 Example 52c N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DCit-Leu-Arp-Pro-DA1aNH₂ (Compound 181)

25 Example 52d N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-
DHcit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 182)

Example 52e N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-L-lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 183)

30 Example 52f N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Arg-D-4(pOMeBzol)Hala-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 184)

Example 52g N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrosur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHarg(Et₂)-Leu-Harg(Et₂)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 185)

Example 52h N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Atz)-DPhe(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 186).

5 Example 52i N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Phe(Atz)-DPhe(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound Compound 187).

Example 52j N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Me-Atz)-DPhe(Me-Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 188).

10 Example 52k N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Atz)-DLys(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 189).

Example 53

15 The procedure described in Example 31 is used but substituting BOC-SarNH-resin for BOC-DAlaNH-resin and substituting the appropriate amino acids and acids at position 6. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification the following compounds are obtained as the trifluoroacetic acid salt:

20 Example 53a N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Fur)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 190).

Example 53b N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 191).

25 Example 53c N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Gly-Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 192).

Example 54

30 N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 193)

35 The procedure described in Example 1 is used but substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids for BOC-Gly, BOC-DLys-FMOC for BOC-DCit, and BOC-Sar-NH-resin for BOC-DAla-NH-resin. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification Nic-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 55N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 194)

The procedure described in Example 54 is used but substituting BOC-DAlaNH₂-resin for BOC-SarNH₂-resin. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-(R,S) 4H₂Fur-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 56N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 195)

The procedure described in Example 55 is used but substituting (R,S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid for nicotinic acid. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification N-(R,S) 4H₂Fur-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 57N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 196)

The procedure described in Example 54 is used but shikimic acid for nicotinic acid. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification Shik-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 58N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(4AmAtz)-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 197)

The procedure described in Example 54 is used but substituting the appropriate BOC-amino acids and acids at positions 0, 6 and 8. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification Nic-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(4AmAtz)-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

60

Example 59N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D3Qal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 198)

The procedure described in Example 14 is used but substituting BOC-3Qal for BOC-D2Nal. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification Nic-Gly-D3Qal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 60N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 199)

The procedure described in Example 54 is used to obtain Nic-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(FMOC)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH-resin. This was then treated with excess of 1,1'-N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole in DMF for 20 min. The resin was washed three times with (1:1) DMF/DCM and the treated with excess of diaminopropane in DMF for 1 hr. The resin was again washed as previously described and reacted with shikimic acid in DMF using two couplings of 6 hr each. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification Nic-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 61(R,S) 4H2Fur-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 200)

The procedure described in Example 60 is used to obtain (R,S)-4H2Fur-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(FMOC)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH-resin. This was then treated with excess of 1,1'-N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole in DMF for 20 min. The resin was washed three times with (1:1) DMF/DCM and the treated with excess of diaminopropane in DMF for 1 hr. The resin was again washed as previously described and reacted with shikimic acid in DMF using two couplings of 6 hr each. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S) 4H2Fur-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 62

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 201)

The procedure described in Example 61 is used but substituting SarNH-resin
5 for BOC-DAlaNH-resin. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S)
4H-2Fur-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropShik)-Leu-
Harg-Pro-SarNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 63

10 (R,S) 4H2Fur-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropNic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 202)

The procedure described in Example 62 is used but substituting nicotinic acid
for shikimic acid. After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification (R,S)
4H2Fur-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(COdiAmpropNic)-Leu-
15 Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂ is obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 64

Nic-Gly-D3Qal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-cis-Cha(4AmPrz)-DLys(Pic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 203)

The procedure described in Example 59 is used but substituting BOC-cis-
20 Cha(4Am-Prz) for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6-Cl-BzI) and picolinic acid for nicotinic acid.
After workup, lyophilization and HPLC purification Nic-Gly-D3Qal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-
Ser-cis-Cha(4AmPrz)-DLys(Pic)-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ is obtained as the
trifluoroacetate salt.

Example 65

25 The procedure described in Example 2 is used but substituting BOC-Sar-NH-
resin for BOC-DAla-NH-resin. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC
purification the following compounds are obtained:

Example 65a NShikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-
30 epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 207).

Example 65b N-Dihydroshikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound
208).

Example 65c N-2Furoyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 209).

5 Example 65d N-3Furoyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 210).

Example 65e N-Picolyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 211).

10 Example 65f N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 212).

15 Example 65g N-Isonicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-SarNH₂ (Compound 213).

Example 66

N-Tosyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂
(Compound 10c)

20 The procedure described in Example 1 was used but instead of coupling with acetic acid the resin-peptide was reacted with 10-fold excess of p-toluene sulfonyl chloride and 1-fold excess of pyridine in DMF overnight. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-Tosyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 43.35 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1556 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.98 Arg; 0.99 Leu; 0.91 Cit; 1.01 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 0.98 3Pal; 1.02 4ClPhe.

Example 67

N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 12b)

30 The procedure described in Example 1 was used but substituting (S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid for BOC-DTyr(O-2,6-Cl-BzI) and skipping the coupling with acetic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 28.38 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1591 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis
35 : 0.98 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 1.01 Leu; 1.69 Lys; 0.69 NMeTyr; 0.51 Ser.

Example 68N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 13b)

The procedure described in Example 67 was used but substituting (R)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid for (S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 29.51 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1591 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.97 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.81 Leu; 1.66 Lys; 0.81 NMeTyr; 0.52 Ser.

Example 69N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-3-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 14b)

The procedure described in Example 67 was used but substituting (S)-tetrahydro-3-furoic acid for (S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-3-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 26.41 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1591 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.02 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.95 Lys(Isp); 1.0 Leu; 0.99 Lys; 0.86 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 0.99 3Pal; 1.05 4ClPhe.

Example 70N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-3-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 15b)

The procedure described in Example 69 was used but substituting (R)-tetrahydro-3-furoic acid for (S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-3-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 26.88 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1591 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.93 Lys(Isp); 1.0 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 1.00 NMeTyr; 0.58 Ser; 1.03 3Pal; 1.05 4ClPhe.

Example 71N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 16b)

The procedure described in Example 67 was used but substituting shikimic acid for (S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 23.53 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1648

(M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.0 Pro; 0.81 Leu; 1.64 Lys; 0.76 NMeTyr; 0.56 Ser.

Example 72

5 The procedure described in Example 71 was used but substituting the appropriate acids for shikimic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

Example 72a N-2-Furoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-
Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 17b) R_t = 29.51 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1586
10 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 1.01 Leu; 1.63 Lys; 0.89
NMeTyr; 0.53 Ser.

Example 72b N-3-Furoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-
Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 18b) R_t = 30.75 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1586
15 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.04 Ala; 0.97 Pro; 1.26 Lys(Isp); 1.05 Leu; 0.97
Lys; 1.04 NMeTyr; 0.53 Ser; 0.96 3Pal; 0.96 4ClPhe.

Example 72c N-Thienyl-2-carbonyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 19b) R_t = 31.01 min; FAB
20 Mass spec. m/e 1602 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.93
Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.94 Lys; 0.97 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 1.08 3Pal; 1.15 4ClPhe.

Example 72d N-Nicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-
Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 20b) R_t = 23.63 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1597
25 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.95 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 0.97
Lys; 1.06 NMeTyr; 0.48 Ser; 1.01 3Pal; 1.07 4ClPhe.

Example 72e N-Picolinoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-
Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ Compound 21bb) R_t = 30.9 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1597
30 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.94 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.95
Lys; 1.07 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 0.99 3Pal; 1.06 4ClPhe.

Example 72f N-(6-Hydroxy)nicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 22b) R_t = 23.80 min; FAB
35 Mass spec. m/e 1613 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.95
Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.96 Lys; 0.98 NMeTyr; 0.51 Ser; 0.98 3Pal; 1.06 4ClPhe.

Example 72g N-Isonicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 23b) R_t = 22.71min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1597 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.93 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 0.97 Lys; 1.10 NMeTyr; 0.42 Ser; 1.02 3Pal; 1.07 4ClPhe.

Example 72h N-(3-Pyridylacetyl)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 24b) R_t = 22.71min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1611 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.92 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.94 Lys; 1.07 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 1.08 3Pal; 1.13 4ClPhe.

Example 73

N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 31b)

15 The procedure described in Example 71 was used but substituting BOC-Lys(Nic) for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6-Cl-BzL). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 18.86 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1704 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.94 Lys(Isp); 1.03 Leu; 1.97 Lys; 0.59 Ser; 0.97 3Pal; 1.00 4ClPhe.

Example 74

N-Nicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 32b)

25 The procedure described in Example 71 was used but substituting BOC-Lys(Nic) for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6-Cl-BzL). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-Nicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 20.05 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1652 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 1.08 Lys(Isp); 1.05 Leu; 1.92 Lys; 0.56 Ser; 0.95 3Pal; 0.97 4ClPhe.

Example 75N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 33b)

The procedure described in Example 73 was used but substituting BOC-Tyr(O-2,6-Cl-Bzl) for BOC-Lys(Nic). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 22.38 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1634 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 1.04 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 0.92 Tyr; 0.55 Ser; 0.97 3Pal; 0.97 4ClPhe.

10

Example 76N-(S)-Tetrahydofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 41b)

The procedure described in Example 67 was used but substituting BOC-DCit for BOC-DLys(Nic) and BOC-Arg(Tos) for BOC-Lys(Isp,Cbz). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-Tetrahydofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 37.15 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1501 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.05 Ala; 0.97 Pro; 0.98 Arg; 0.99 Leu; 1.05 Cit; 0.61 NMeTyr; 0.59 Ser; 1.00 3Pal; 0.98 4ClPhe.

20

Example 77N-(R)-Tetrahydofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 42b)

The procedure described in Example 76 was used but substituting (R)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid for (S)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(R)-Tetrahydofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained; R_t = 38.20 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1501 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.99 Arg; 1.01 Leu; 1.04 Cit; 0.68 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 1.05 3Pal; 1.03 4ClPhe.

30

Example 78

The procedure described in Example 77 was used but substituting the appropriate acids for (R)-tetrahydro-2-furoic acid. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification the following compounds were obtained:

35

Example 78a N-(R)-5-Oxo-tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 43b) was obtained; R_t = 37.40 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1514 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.02 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.97 Arg; 0.98 Leu; 0.94 Cit; 0.68 NMeTyr; 0.51 Ser; 1.00 3Pal; 1.05 4ClPhe.

5

Example 78b N-(S)-5-Oxo-tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 44b) was obtained; R_t = 37.80 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1514 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.98 Arg; 0.99 Leu; 0.91 Cit; 0.57 NMeTyr; 0.48 Ser; 1.01 3Pal; 1.05 4ClPhe.

10

Example 78c N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 45b) was obtained; R_t = 32.45 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1558 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.02 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.91 Arg; 1.04 Leu; 1.04 Cit; 0.94 NMeTyr; 0.52 Ser; 0.72 3Pal; 1.01 4ClPhe.

15

Example 78d N-2-Furoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 46b) was obtained; R_t = 38.30 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1498 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.07 Pro; 0.97 Arg; 1.00 Leu; 0.93 Cit; 0.60 NMeTyr; 0.60 Ser; 0.93 3Pal; 0.94 4ClPhe.

20

Example 78e N-Isonicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 47b) was obtained; R_t = 32.80 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1507 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.02 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.96 Arg; 1.00 Leu; 0.99 Cit; 0.82 NMeTyr; 0.40 Ser; 1.04 3Pal; 1.09 4ClPhe.

25

Example 78f N-Picolinoyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 48b) was obtained; R_t = 39.55 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1507 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.03 Pro; 0.93 Arg; 1.04 Leu; 1.03 Cit; 1.07 NMeTyr; 0.50 Ser; 0.68 3Pal; 0.95 4ClPhe.

30

Example 78g N-Nicotinyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 49b) was obtained; R_t = 32.10 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1507 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.99 Arg; 1.01 Leu; 0.99 Cit; 1.00 NMeTyr; 0.45 Ser; 1.01 3Pal; 1.00 4ClPhe.

35

68

Example 78h N-(3-Pyridylacetyl)-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 50b) was obtained; R_t = 32.0 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1521 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.02 Pro; 0.96 Arg; 1.02 Leu; 0.98 Cit; 0.93 NMeTyr; 0.45 Ser; 1.14 3Pal; 1.19 4ClPhe.

5

Example 79N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 52b)

The procedure described in Example 78 was used but substituting shikimic acid for 5-oxo-tetrahydrofur-2-oyl acid, BOC-Harg(NO₂) for BOC-Arg(Tos), and BOC-DLys(FMOC) for BOC-DCit. With the completion of the synthesis the resin was treated with 30% piperidine in DMF, washed and coupled with shikimic acid using two-two hours coupling protocol. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-Shikimyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained: R_t = 15.54 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1699 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.99 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 1.02 NMeTyr; 0.57 Ser; 0.98 3Pal; 1.04 4ClPhe.

Example 80N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-AlaNH₂ (Compound 214)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-AlaNH-resin for BOC-DAlaNH-resin. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-AlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 18.88 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 0.98 Pro; 1.18 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 0.99 NMeTyr; 0.44 Ser; 1.14 D3Pal; 1.24 D4ClPhe; 0.98 Gly.

30

Example 81N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 215)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-2Nal for BOC-D2Nal. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the

trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 20.38 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 1.25 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 1.01 NMeTyr; 0.39 Ser; 1.13 D3Pal; 1.22 D4ClPhe; 0.97 Gly.

5

Example 82

N (S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-DSer-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 216)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-DSer(OBzl) for BOC-Ser(OBzl). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-DSer-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 20.035 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 1.16 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 0.98 NMeTyr; 0.48 Ser; 1.15 D3Pal; 1.23 D4ClPhe; 0.99 Gly.

15

Example 83

N (S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 217)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-3Pal for BOC-D3Pal. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 20.24 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 1.23 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.01 NMeTyr; 0.44 Ser; 1.14 D3Pal; 1.24 D4ClPhe; 0.98 Gly.

20

Example 84

N (S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaOH (Compound 218)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-DAla-O-resin (Merrifield) for BOC-DAla-NH-resin (benzhydralamine). After treatment with HF, work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaOH was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.92 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.00 Pro;

25

30

35

70

1.26 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.02 NMeTyr; 0.42 Ser; 1.14 D3Pal; 1.25 D4ClPhe; 0.97 Gly.

Example 85

5 N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-Lys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 219)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-Lys(Nic) for BOC-DLys(Nic). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-Lys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.60 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.07 Pro; 1.25 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.07 NMeTyr; 0.40 Ser; 1.13 D3Pal; 1.25 D4ClPhe; 0.96 Gly.

Example 86

15 N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 220)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-4ClPhe for BOC-D4ClPhe. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-4ClPhe-3DPal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.85 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 1.24 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.07 Lys; 1.06 NMeTyr; 0.42 Ser; 1.14 D3Pal; 1.27 D4ClPhe; 0.97 Gly.

25 **Example 87**

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-DLeu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 221)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-DLeu for BOC-Leu. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-DLeu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.96 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 1.24 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.04 NMeTyr; 0.37 Ser; 1.13 D3Pal; 1.26 D4ClPhe; 0.97 Gly.

Example 88N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-DPro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 222)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-DPro for BOC-Pro. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-DPro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.71 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 1.23 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.01 DLys; 1.06 NMeTyr; 0.41 Ser; 1.14 D3Pal; 1.26 D4ClPhe; 0.98 Gly.

Example 89N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-DLys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 223)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-DLys(Isp,Cbz) for BOC-Lys(Isp,Cbz). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-DLys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 15.15 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 0.99 Pro; 0.95 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.02 Lys; 1.00 NMeTyr; 0.42 Ser; 0.93 D3Pal; 1.10 D4ClPhe; 0.98 Gly.

Example 90N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-DNMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 224)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-DNMeTyr(O-2,6ClBzl) for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6ClBzl). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-DNMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.60 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1647 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.03 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.64 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 0.79 NMeTyr; 0.29 Ser; 0.98 D3Pal; 1.03 D4ClPhe; 0.96 Gly.

Example 91N-(R,S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 225)

The procedure described in Example 3 was used but substituting BOC-Tyr(O-2,6ClBzl) for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6ClBzl). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(R,S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DLys(N-epsilon-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.14 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1633 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.99 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 1.00 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 1.00 Lys; 1.02 Tyr; 0.46 Ser; 0.98 D3Pal; 1.02 D4ClPhe; 0.96 Gly.

Example 92N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DHcit-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 226)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-DHcit for BOC-DLys(Nic). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DHcit-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 20.58 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1585 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.99 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.87 NMeTyr; 0.48 Ser; 0.99 D3Pal; 1.04 D4ClPhe; 0.98 Gly.

Example 93N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 227)

The procedure described in Example 92 was used but substituting BOC-Tyr(O-2,6ClBzl) for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6ClBzl). After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.73 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1571 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.00 Ala; 0.98 Pro; 0.87 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 0.99 Tyr; 0.52 Ser; 0.91 D3Pal; 1.02 D4ClPhe; 0.98 Gly.

Example 94N_(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-DPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 228)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-DPhe for BOC-D4ClPhe. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-DPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 17.61 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1613 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 0.98 Pro; 0.87 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 0.97 NMeTyr; 1.02 Lys(Nic); 0.43 Ser; 0.89 D3Pal; 1.05 Phe; 0.95 Gly.

Example 95N_(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 230)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-Tyr(O-2,6ClBzl), BOC-DHcit and BOC-Arg(NO₂) for BOC-NMeTyr(O-2,6ClBzl), DLys(Nic) and BOC-Lys(Isp,Cbz), respectively. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.61 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1557 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.01 Ala; 1.04 Pro; 0.96 Arg; 1.04 Leu; 0.93 Tyr; 0.5 Ser; 1.01 D3Pal; 1.08 D4ClPhe; 1.01 Gly; 1.01 Hcit.

Example 96N_(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Bala-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 231)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-Bala for BOC-Gly. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Bala-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 19.37 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1661 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.89 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.05 NMeTyr; 0.40 Ser; 0.99 D3Pal; 1.09 D4ClPhe.

Example 97N_(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gaba-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 232)

The procedure described in Example 96 was used but substituting BOC-Gaba for BOC-Bala. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-

74

Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gaba-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 20.02 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1675 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.97 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.90 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.05 NMeTyr; 0.37 Ser; 0.98 D3Pal; 1.08 D4ClPhe.

5

Example 98

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Aha-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 233)

The procedure described in Example 96 was used but substituting BOC-Aha for BOC-Bala. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Aha-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 22.11 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1717 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.91 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.06 NMeTyr; 0.38 Ser; 0.98. D3Pal; 1.08 D4ClPhe.

15

Example 99

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Sar-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 234)

The procedure described in Example 96 was used but substituting BOC-Sar for BOC-Bala. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Sar-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 20.266 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1661 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.87 Lys(Isp); 1.00 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.02 NMeTyr; 0.42 Ser; 1.00 D3Pal; 1.08 D4ClPhe; 0.89 Sar.

25

Example 100

N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-DAla-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 235)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-DAla for BOC-D2Nal. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-DAla-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 10.94 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1521 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 1.96 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.91 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 1.02 Lys; 1.10 NMeTyr; 0.38 Ser; 0.99 D3Pal; 1.09 D4ClPhe; 1.00 Gly.

35

Example 101N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-Sar-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 236)

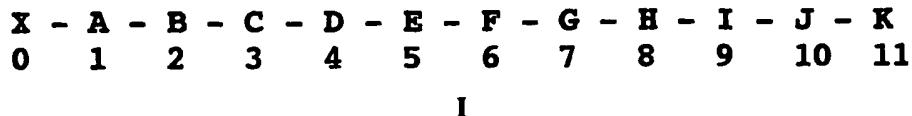
The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-Sar for BOC-D2Nal. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Gly-Sar-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 11.49 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1521 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.98 Ala; 1.01 Pro; 0.91 Lys(Isp); 1.02 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.09 NMeTyr; 0.36 Ser; 0.99 D3Pal; 1.09 D4ClPhe; 0.93 Sar; 10 0.99 Gly.

Example 102N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Aca-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ (Compound 237)

The procedure described in Example 4 was used but substituting BOC-Aca for BOC-Gly. After work-up, lyophilization, and HPLC purification N-(S)-2-Tetrahydrofuroyl-Aca-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ was obtained as the trifluoroacetate salt; R_t = 20.45 min; FAB Mass spec. m/e 1703 (M+H)⁺. Amino Acid Analysis : 0.97 Ala; 1.00 Pro; 0.89 Lys(Isp); 1.01 Leu; 1.01 Lys; 1.07 NMeTyr; 0.44 Ser; 1.11 D3Pal; 1.08 D4ClPhe; 20 1.01 Aca.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A peptide having structure I or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof



5 wherein

X is an acyl group selected from the group consisting of

- (a) dihydroshikimyl,
- (b) 2-furoyl,
- (c) 3-furoyl,
- (d) tetrahydrosuro-2-yl,
- (e) tetrahydrofuro-3-yl,
- (f) (thien-2-yl)carbonyl,
- (g) (thien-3-yl)carbonyl,
- (h) (tetrahydrothien-2-yl)carbonyl,
- (i) (tetrahydrothien-3-yl)carbonyl,
- (j) pyrrol-2-yl)carbonyl,
- (k) (pyrrol-3-yl)carbonyl,
- (l) prolyl,
- (m) N-acetyl-prolyl,
- (n) 3-(indolin-3-yl)propionyl,
- (o) (indolin-3-yl)acetyl,
- (p) (indolin-2-yl)carbonyl,
- (q) (indolin-3-yl)carbonyl,
- (r) benzo[*b*]fur-2-yl)carbonyl,
- (s) (dihydrobenzo[*b*]fur-2-yl)carbonyl,
- (t) (tetrahydropyran-2-yl)carbonyl,
- (u) (tetrahydropyran-3-yl)carbonyl,
- (v) (piperidin-3-yl)carbonyl,
- (w) (N-acetyl piperidin-3-yl)carbonyl,
- (x) nicotinyl, optionally substituted with alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms, alkoxy of from one to six carbon atoms, halogen, or hydroxy,

35 (y) isonicotinyl, optionally substituted with alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms, alkoxy of from one to six carbon atoms, halogen, or hydroxy,

(z) picolinoyl,

(aa) 2-, 3- or 4-quinolincarbonyl, optionally substituted with alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms, alkoxy of from one to six carbon atoms, halogen, or hydroxy;

(bb) salicyl,

(cc) shikimyl, and

(dd) *p*-toluenesulfonyl.

40

45 A is absent or is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

D-alanyl,

3-aminopropionyl,

4-aminobutyryl,

5-aminovaleryl,

6-amino-hexanoyl,

7-aminoheptanoyl,

8-aminoctanoyl,

11-aminoundecanoyl,

50 azaglycyl,

glycyl,

sarcosyl, and

D-seryl;

55

60 B is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

D-phenylalanyl,

D-3-(4-chlorophenyl)alanyl,

D-3-(4-fluorophenyl)alanyl,

D-3-(quinolin-3-yl)alanyl,

65 sarcosyl,

glycyl,

azaglycyl,

D-3,3-diphenylalanyl,

N^α-methyl-D-3-(naphth-2-yl)alanyl, and

70 D-3-(naphth-2-yl)alanyl;

C is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

75 D-3-(4-chlorophenyl)alanyl,
 D-3,3-diphenylalanyl,
 D-3-(4-fluorophenyl)alanyl,
 D-3-(naphth-2-yl)alanyl,
 D-phenylalanyl, and
 D-3-(quinolin-3-yl)alanyl;

80 **D** is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

 D-alanyl,
 D-3-(benzo[*b*]thien-2-yl)alanyl,
 glycyl,
 D-3-(naphth-1-yl)alanyl,
85 D-3-(pyrid-3-yl)alanyl,
 D-3-(quinolin-3-yl)alanyl, and
 D-3-(thiazol-2-yl)alanyl;

89 **E** is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

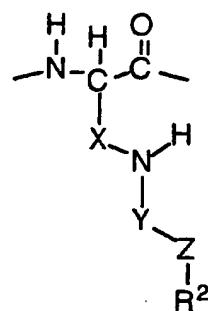
 glycyl,
 L-seryl,
 L-homoseryl,
 L-seryl(O-benzyl), and
 N^α(R¹)-L seryl where R¹ is alkyl of from one to four carbon atoms;

95 **F** is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

 N^α(R¹)-alanyl,
 N^α(R¹)-(3-(4-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)amino)phenyl)alanyl,
 N^α(R¹)-(3-(4-((3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-amino)methyl)phenyl)alanyl,
100 N^α(R¹)-(3-(4-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)amino)cyclohexyl)alanyl,
 N^α(R¹)-(3-(4-(nicotinyl)amino)cyclohexyl)alanyl,
 N^α(R¹)-(N-ε-nicotinyl)lysyl,
 N^α(R¹)-(N-ε-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)lysyl,
 N^α(R¹)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)alanyl,
105 N^α(R¹)-3-(4-aminophenyl)alanyl,
 N^α(R¹)-3-(4-aminocyclohexyl)alanyl,

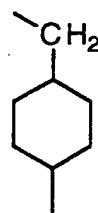
110 $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -tyrosyl,
 $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -tyrosyl(O-methyl),
 $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -phenylalanyl,
 $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -cyclohexylalanyl,
 $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -glycyl,
 $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -arginyl,
 $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -histidyl, and
 $N^{\alpha}(R^1)$ -homoarginyl; where R^1 is hydrogen or alkyl of from one to
 115 four carbon atoms;

120 G is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of
 glycyl,
 D-citrullyl,
 D-homocitrullyl,
 β -alanyl, and
 an aminoacyl residue of the structure



125 where

X is selected from the group consisting of
 $-(CH_2)_n-$ where n is one to six and



80

Y is absent or is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

135

D-alanyl,
L-alanyl,
4-aminobutyryl,
5-aminopentanoyl,
6-aminohexanoyl,
7-aminohexanoyl,
8-amino-octanoyl,
11-aminoundecanoyl,
azaglycyl,
D-3-(benzo[*b*]thien-2-yl)alanyl,
L-3-(benzo[*b*]thien-2-yl)alanyl,

145

D-3-(4-chlorophenyl)alanyl,
D-cyclohexylalanyl,
glycyl,

150

D-histidyl,
D-histidyl(benzyl),
D-leucyl,
D-3-(naphth-2-yl)alanyl,
D-phenylalanyl,

155

D-3-(pyrid-3-yl)alanyl,
sarcosyl,
seryl,
D-seryl,

160

D-threonyl,
D-3-(thiazol-4-yl)alanyl,
D-tryptyl,
D-tyrosyl,
D-tyrosyl(O-methyl), and
D-valyl;

165

81

Z is either absent or is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

170

D-alanyl,

L-alanyl,

azaglycyl,

D-cyclohexylalanyl,

glycyl,

175

D-histidyl,

D-phenylalanyl,

3-((4-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-

yl)amino)phenyl)alanyl,

(3-((4-(3-amino-1,2,4-triazol-5-

180

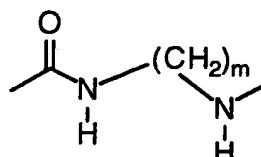
yl)amino)methyl)phenyl)alanyl,

sarcosyl,

D-seryl,

L-seryl, and

185



where m is an integer of from

one to twelve, inclusive.

190

R² is 3-amino-1,2,4-

195

triazol-5-yl or is an acyl

group selected from the group

consisting of acetyl; (4-

acetyl)piperazin-1-yl)carbonyl;

(adamant-1-yl)carbonyl;

benzoyl, optionally substituted

with a group selected from alkyl

of one to four carbon atoms,

alkoxy of one to four carbon

atoms, and halogen; butyryl;

200

205

cyclohexylcarbonyl; dihydroshikimyl; formyl; nicotinyl; 2-furoyl; 2- and 6-hydroxynicotinyl; (indol-2-yl)carbonyl; isonicotinyl; (4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)carbonyl; (morpholin-1-yl)carbonyl; 2- and 6-methylnicotinyl; 1- and 2-naphthoyl optionally substituted with a group selected from alkyl of one to four carbon atoms, alkoxy of one to four carbon atoms, and halogen; picolyl; (piperazin-1-yl)carbonyl; propionyl, pyrazinoyl; pyridylacetyl; (pyrrolyl)carbonyl; (quinolinyl)carbonyl; salicyl; shikimyl; 2-(tetrahydrofuroyl), and (thien-2-yl)carbonyl;

210

215

220

H is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

225

L-leucyl; N(R¹)-L-leucyl; glycyl; sarcosyl; prolyl; L-valyl; L-cyclohexylalanyl; and N^α(R¹)-L-cyclohexylalanyl;

230

where R¹ is hydrogen or alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms;

235

I is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

- 240 L-citrullyl;
- L-homocitrullyl;
- L-histidyl;
- L-(N- ϵ -isopropyl)lysyl;
- L-arginyl;
- N α (R¹)-L-arginyl;
- L-homoarginyl;
- 245 L-2-amino-6-N δ -ethylguanidino hexanoyl; and
- L-2-amino-6-N δ ,N δ -diethylguanidino hexanoyl;

J is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

- 250 L-prolyl;
- 4-hydroxy-L-prolyl;
- L-pipecolyl;
- L-azetidinyl;
- L-2,8-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carbonyl,
- N(R¹)-L-leucyl;
- 255 sarcosyl; glycyl; and
- N(R¹)-L-alanyl;

where R¹ is hydrogen or alkyl of from one to six carbon atoms; and

260 K is -NH(CH₂CH₃) or is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

- D-alanyl amide,
- D-alanyl(OH),
- 265 D-glutamyl(OH),
- L-glutamyl(OH),
- N(R¹)-L-alanyl amide,
- N(R¹)-D-alanyl amide,
- sarcosamide,
- 270 D-seryl amide,
- azaglycyl amide, and

glycylamide,

where R^1 is as defined above and with the proviso that when
275 K is $-NH(CH_2CH_3)$ then J is L -prolyl.

2. A peptide or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as defined by Claim 1
wherein X is selected from the group consisting of
tetrahydrofur-2-oyl,

tetrahydrofur-3-oyl,

fur-2-oyl,

nicotinyl,

isonicotinyl,

shikimyl,

dihydroshikimyl,

10 (tetrahydrothien-2-yl)carbonyl,

(pyrrol-2-yl)carbonyl,

proyl,

(indol-2-yl)carbonyl,

3-(indol-3-yl)propionyl,

15 (dihydrobenzo[*b*]fur-2-yl)carbonyl, and

(tetrahydropyran-2-yl)carbonyl.

3. A peptide or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof having the structure
 X -Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-AA⁶-AA⁷-Leu-AA⁹-Pro-AA¹⁰

wherein

5 X is an acyl group selected from the group consisting of

tetrahydrofur-2-oyl,

tetrahydrofur-3-oyl,

fur-2-oyl,

nicotinyl,

10 isonicotinyl,

shikimyl,

dihydroshikimyl,

15 (tetrahydrothien-2-yl)carbonyl,
(pyrrol-2-yl)carbonyl,
prolyl,
(indolin-2-yl)carbonyl,
3-(indolin-3-yl)propionyl,
(dihydrobenzo[*b*]fur-2-yl)carbonyl, and
(tetrahydropyran-2-yl)carbonyl.

20 **AA⁶** is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of t
tyrosyl,
arginyl,
 N^{α} -methyltyrosyl,
25 lysyl(N-epsilon-(3'-amino-1H-1',2',4'-triazol-5-yl)), and
 N^{α} -methyl-3-(4-(3'-amino-1H-1',2',4'-triazol-5-
ylmethyl)phenyl)alanyl;

30 **AA⁷** is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of
D-citrullyl,
D-lysyl(N-epsilon nicotinyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl nicotinyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl nicotinyl),
35 D-lysyl(N-epsilon shikimyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl shikimyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl shikimyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon dihydroshikimyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl dihydroshikimyl),
40 D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl dihydroshikimyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon fur-2-oyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl fur-2-oyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl fur-2-oyl),
D-lysyl(N-epsilon tetrahydrofur-2-oyl),
45 D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl tetrahydrofur-2-oyl), and
D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl tetrahydrofur-2-oyl);

AA⁹ is an aminoacyl group selected from the group consisting of

50 lysyl(N-epsilon isopropyl),
arginyl,
L-(N^ε,N^ε-diethyl)homoarginyl, and
homoarginyl;

55 AA¹⁰ is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of
D-alanyl amide, and D-sarcosamide.

4. A compound as defined by Claim 2 or pharmaceutically acceptable salt
thereof selected from the group consisting of

5 N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(N-epsilon-
Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;
N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofuran-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
DLys(Azagly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-
DAlaNH₂;
N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofuran-2-oyl-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
DLys(Gly-Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;
10 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydro-Furan-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;
N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DCit-Leu-Arg-Pro-
DAlaNH₂;
15 N-Shikimyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-Arg-
Pro-DAlaNH₂;
N-Nicotinyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Shik)-Leu-
Harg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;
N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofuran-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
20 DLys(Azagly-2Fur)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;
N-Shik-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-Nic)-Leu-
Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂ ;
N-Shik-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Azagly-2Fur)-Leu-
Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;
25 N-(2-Furoyl)-Azagly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-DLys(Nic)-Leu-
Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

30 N-(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(R)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMeTyr-
DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

35 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Me-
Atz)-DPhe(Me-Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Atz)-
DLys(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-SarNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-
DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

40 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Nic)-
DLys(Nic)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DCit-Leu-
Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-
45 Leu-Arg-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-DHcit-
Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Tyr-
DHarg(Et₂)-Leu-Harg(Et₂)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

50 N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Atz)-
DPhe(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Phe(Atz)-
DPhe(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-NMePhe(Me-
55 Atz)-DPhe(Me-Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂; and

N-(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-Lys(Atz)-
DLys(Atz)-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-DAlaNH₂.

5. An undecapeptide or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof having LHRH antagonist activity having the structure

X-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-N^aMeTyr-AA⁷-Leu-Lys(Isp)-Pro-AA¹⁰

wherein

5 **X** is an acyl group selected from the group consisting of

 tetrahydrofur-2-oyl,
 fur-2-oyl,
 nicotinyl,
 isonicotinyl,
10 shikimyl, and
 dihydroshikimyl;

AA⁷ is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of

15 D-citrullyl,
 D-homocitrullyl,
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon nicotinyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl nicotinyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl nicotinyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon shikimyl),
20 D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl shikimyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl shikimyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon dihydroshikimyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl dihydroshikimyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl dihydroshikimyl),
25 D-lysyl(N-epsilon fur-2-oyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl fur-2-oyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl fur-2-oyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon tetrahydrofur-2-oyl),
 D-lysyl(N-epsilon glycyl tetrahydrofur-2-oyl), and
30 D-lysyl(N-epsilon azaglycyl tetrahydrofur-2-oyl);

AA¹⁰ is an aminoacyl residue selected from the group consisting of
 D-alanyl amide, and D-sarcosamide.

6. A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as defined by Claim 4 selected from the group consisting of

N[(R,S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-N^αMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂;

5 N[(S)-Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-N^αMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂; and

N[(R) Tetrahydrofur-2-oyl]-Gly-D2Nal-D4ClPhe-D3Pal-Ser-N^αMeTyr-DLys(Nicotinyl)-Leu-Lys(N-epsilon-Isopropyl)-Pro-DAlaNH₂.

10

7. A pharmaceutical composition for suppressing sex hormones in a mammal comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as defined by Claim 1 in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

8. A method of suppressing sex hormones in a mammal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as defined by Claim 1.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US94/08678

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(5) :A61K 37/00, 37/02; C07K 5/00, 7/00, 15/00, 17/00
US CL :514/15; 530/313, 327, 328

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 514/15; 530/313, 327, 328

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

USPTO APS

search terms: Haviv, Fitzpatrick, Ihrh, sex hormones, antagonist#, Mort, Nichols, Swenson

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	EP, A, 0,413,209 (HAVIV ET AL.) 20 February 1991.	1-8
A	US, A, 4,800,191 (SCHALLY ET AL.) 24 January 1989.	1-8
A	EP, A, 0,182,262 (NESTOR ET AL.) 28 May 1986, see abstract.	1-8

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

See patent family annex.

•	Special categories of cited documents:	
•A*	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
•E*	earlier document published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
•L*	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
•O*	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"&" document member of the same patent family
•P*	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search

08 SEPTEMBER 1994

Date of mailing of the international search report

OCT 20 1994

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US
Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
Box PCT
Washington, D.C. 20231

Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230

Authorized officer

SHEELA J. HUFF

R. Kippa Jr.

Telephone No. (703) 308-0196